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CONGRESS CAPTURES 28 SEATS WITHOUT CONTEST IN U.P.

Narendra Deo And Sampurnanand Elected

MAULANA AZAD'S TERMS FOR ALL-PARTY GOVT. IN SIND

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5. (A.P.I.): Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, who returned from Sind today, explained in an interview here two alternative proposals for the formation of a strong and stable Ministry in Sind.

Maulana Azad said: "The Party position in Sind today is as follows: The Congress Coalition under the leadership of Mr. G. M. Syed consists of thirty members. The Muslim League Party has a membership of 27. The remaining three are Europeans who, it is understood, are neutral. It is clear, therefore, that the Congress Coalition Party is in a position to form a workable Ministry. I, however feel that in view of the extraordinary conditions prevailing in Sind, the needs of the Province would be better served if an All-Party Ministry could be formed.

"The programme outlined in the Congress manifesto, to my mind, is the best suited for a Province like Sind. Mr. G. M. Syed and Haji Moula Bux have agreed to work this programme. The Muslim League can also do likewise. In that case a Cabinet of eight Ministers could be formed, with League having three seats, the Congress three, and Mr. Syed and Haji Moula Bux, one each.

UNIFORM POLICY NOT POSSIBLE

"In the alternative, the League could have four and the Congress Coalition Party also four, of which two would be Mussalmans. Conditions in India are such that we cannot have one uniform policy or principles to meet the varying requirements of all provinces. The special conditions prevailing in each province should be borne in mind in formulating policies in relation to it.

"Sind was constituted into a separate province eleven years ago. Since separation, Sind has had to shoulder the great responsibility of building up a new and infant province. Unfortunately circumstances have prevented Sind from having a strong and stable Government devoting all its energies to the development of the province. After the new elections, if conditions can now be created to give to Sind a strong and stable Government, it will not only be a great service to Sind, but also to the country as a whole. I think that this object can best be achieved by an All-Party Ministry, if one can be formed, on the basis of a programme devoted to the development and building up of Sind."

KARACHI: Nawabzada Liaquatali Khan, General Secretary of the All-India Muslim League, immediately after his arrival met Sir Ghulam Husain Hidayatullah, Khan Bahadur Khuhro, Mr. M. H. Gazdar and other Muslim League leaders and discussed with them questions including the strength of the Muslim League Party. He will guide the deliberations of the League Assembly Party to-morrow.

Addressing a public meeting in the evening, Nawabzada Liaquatali Khan said that it was impossible that the Congress with the assistance of a few Muslims could form Ministries in Muslim majority provinces and rule. Such Ministries would not exist for a single day.

He appealed to the Muslims of Sind to further strengthen the Muslim League.

Some of the newly elected members of the Sind Assembly also addressed the meeting.

Sardar Khan Khoso, one of the Nationalist Muslims, announced at the meeting that he has joined the Muslim League Party.

LUCKNOW: Fifteen Congress candidates were returned unopposed to the United Provinces Legislative Assembly to-day when nomination papers were filed for the General and Muhammadan Urban and Rural, including Women's Constituencies.

The total number of seats in the U. P. Assembly is 228, of these 140 are general seats including 20 reserved for Scheduled Castes. Muslims have 64 seats. Women are assigned four seats from General and two seats from the Muhammadan Constituencies.

The Congress is contesting all the 140 General seats as also four seats assigned to women from the General Constituencies.

The Muslim League has set up candidates for all the 64 (including two for women) seats. The Congress and Nationalist Muslims are contesting about 46 Muslim seats and some of the remaining Muslim seats are being contested either by Khaksars or Independent Muslims.

NARENDRA DEO RETURNED

Reports so far received from various election centres show that Congress candidates including Acharya Narendra Deo, Member of the Congress Working Committee, and Babu Sampurnanand, former Education Minister, have been returned unopposed to the Assembly.

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, former Minister for local Self-Government is likely to be elected unopposed from Special Women's Constituency (Cawnpore District North-East).

There is a triangular contest for the Lucknow City Muhammadan Constituency, the rival candidates being Chaudhri Khaliquzzaman, (Muslim League) former Opposition Leader in the U. P. Assembly, Syed Ali Zaheer, President of the All-India Shia Political Conference (Independent) and Mr. Nazir Ahmad (Sunni Board).

LIST OF CANDIDATES

Following Congress candidates have been returned unopposed to the U. P. Legislative Assembly:—

(1) Acharya Narendra Deo (Fyzabad-Bahraitch-Sitapur Cities). (2) Mr. Keshav Deo Malaviya (Mirzapur District South). (3) Mr. Kushwaqt Rai (Kheri District North-East). (4) Mr. Rajaram Misra (Fyzabad District West). (5) Mr. Sarvajit Lal Verma (Fyzabad District East). (6) Mr. Harish Chandra Bajpai (Partabgarh District East). (7) Mr. Shyam Sunder Shukla (Partabgarh District East). (8) Satya Premi (Barabank District South). (9) Mr. Jai Ram Verma (Barabank District North). (10) Mrs. Lakshmi Devi (Women: Fyzabad District West). (11) Mr. Ishwar Saran (Gonda District South). (12) Mr. Lal Behari Tandon (Gonda District West). (13) Mr. Ramji Sahai (Gorakhpur District Centre). (14) Mr. Ram Dhari Pande (Gorakhpur District North-East). (15) Mr. Triloki Singh (Lucknow District).

(16.) Babu Sampurnanand (Benares City), and

(17.) Mrs. Sardar Singh Mahnaut (Benares City Women's Constituency).

Together with nine seats previously captured (eight scheduled castes and one universities), the Congress has so far gained a strength of 26 members without contest.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, former Premier of U.P. who is contesting the Bareily-cum-Pillibhit-cum-Shahjahanpur-cum-Budaun Cities is being opposed by a Radical Democrat and an independent.

Begum Maulana Mohammad Ali (Muslim League) is being opposed by Begum Basarat Hussain (Nationalist Muslim) and Begum Wahidul Hasan (Sunni Board) in the election to the Lucknow City Muhammadan Urban Women's seat.

OPPOSITION TO KHALIQ

Syed Ali Zaheer, opposing Chaudhri Khaliquzzaman, in a statement says: "My object in seeking election is to be able to serve the Muslim community in the same selfless, frank and honest manner in which I have done so far. I further wish to expose the clique which has taken control of the Muslim League in this province and which is utilising its machinery for its self-aggrandisement and benefit. In case I am elected it will be my effort to bring about unity amongst the various communities of Islam and to avoid all fundamental causes of friction amongst them".

AGRA: Pandit Jaganprasad Rawat, Congress candidate, has been elected unopposed from Agra south-west non-Muslim rural constituency to the United Provinces Provincial Legislative Assembly. No other nomination paper filed.

JHANSI: Mr. Kunjbeharilal Shivani (Congress) and sitting member Mr. R. V. Dhulekar (Congress) were elected unopposed to U. P. Assembly from Jhansi District W. North rural general and Jhansi District south rural general constituencies respectively.

Students Storm League Office

Question Suhrawardy On Nomination Of "Undesirables"

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5. (A.P.I.): Last evening, a demonstration was staged in front of the house of Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Secretary, Bengal Provincial Muslim League Parliamentary Board and former Minister of Bengal by a large number of students against the decision of the Board on certain nominations for the Bengal Provincial elections, according to "Amrita Bazar Patrika".

The paper states that "when Mr. Suhrawardy came out of his house and confronted the demonstrators they demanded an explanation of him as to the arbitrary nominations of some undesirables. Mr. Suhrawardy agreed to listen to their grievances if they would send a small deputation to meet him. The demonstrators, however, flatly refused to comply with the suggestion and left the place in a sullen mood.

"Earlier, it is learnt the student demonstrators stormed the Muslim League office. They broke several chairs and tables and shouted slogans."

Tram And Bus Services To Resume Today

TRI-PARTITE MEETING ENDS SCHEDULED STAFF STRIKE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

As the result of a tri-partite agreement between the Government of Bombay, the B. E. S. T. Scheduled Staff Union and the B. E. S. & T. Co., Ltd., the present strike has been called off and work will be resumed by the strikers on and from to-morrow (Wednesday), Feb. 6.

Normal tram and bus services will commence to operate on Feb. 6 at 11 a.m. from the depots.

TERMS OF SETTLEMENT

BOMBAY, Feb. 5. (A.P.A.): The dispute between the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Company and its Scheduled Staff workers has been resolved, and the tram and bus services will resume at 11 a. m. to-morrow (Wednesday).

According to the terms of the settlement, the original demands of the Scheduled Staff of the Company will be referred to an adjudicator. The name of the adjudicator has also been mutually agreed upon by both the company and the workers' union, though it has not been announced.

STOP PRESS

W.F.T.U. AND U.N.O.

LONDON, Feb. 5 (Reuter): The Russian proposal for representation of the World Federation of Trade Unions in the Economic and Social Council and the Assembly was opposed by the British delegate, Mr. Philip Noel-Baker, at a meeting of the Political and Security Committee to-night.

Mr. Noel-Baker was willing to see the W.F.T.U. given access to meetings in a consultative capacity, but it could not be given the privilege of seats, which under the Charter was reserved for Government delegations only.

ASSAM CABINET RESIGNS

Saadullah To Carry On Till Another Ministry Is Formed

SHILLONG, Feb. 4 (A.P.I.)—SIR MOHAMMAD SAADULLAH, PREMIER OF ASSAM, SUBMITTED TODAY RESIGNATION OF HIS CABINET TO H.E. THE GOVERNOR. IT IS UNDERSTOOD, HE HAS ASKED SIR MOHAMMAD TO CARRY ON TILL ANOTHER MINISTRY IS FORMED.

MAHATMA REACHES WARDHA

WARDHA, Feb. 5 (A.P.I.): The special train carrying Mahatma Gandhi and party reached here at 11-40 p.m. to-night. Students who were anxious to have a glimpse of Mahatma Gandhi were present at Wardha station since 5 p.m. As it was late Mahatma Gandhi was sleeping and the crowd did not disturb him, observing perfect silence.

The train was taken to the railway siding where Mahatma Gandhi is now resting for the night. He will leave for Sewagram early to-morrow morning.

M. P. DELEGATION IN ALLAHABAD

Some members of the British Parliamentary Delegation photographed with Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru (third from right) whom they met at Allahabad. On Sir Tej's right is Prof. Richards, leader of the Delegation

Pan-White Drive Extends To East Africa

Govt. Censured For Failure To Protect Indians

NEW DELHI, February 5. (A.P.I.): The Assembly passed without a division Seth Govind Das' adjournment motion to censure the Government of India on its "failure" to counteract the growing danger to the civic rights and the position of the Indian community in the proposed inter-territorial organisation in East Africa threatened by European elected members of the Council.

DISCRIMINATION AGAINST INDIANS

Speaking on his motion, Seth Govind Das said that the proposals for the inter-territorial organisation of Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyka were published by the Colonial Office in December 1945. The proposals envisaged for the three territories a Central Legislative Assembly including six European and six Indian members elected by the territorial Legislative Councils and six members nominated by the High Commission as trustees for African interests.

Lord Francis Scott and the White settlers had opposed these proposals because equality of representation was sought to be given to the three races. Seth Govind Das asked what the Government of India had done in the matter. Their duty, he said, was not only to oppose the stand taken by Lord Francis Scott, but to make it clear that it was an injustice for Indians to be placed on an equal footing with the Europeans, who were numerically far less than the Indians.

Seth Govind Das expressed the fear that the White Paper proposals might be the first step to give effect to the Pan-White Plan of Field-Marshal Smuts. Seth Govind Das recalled Dr. Khare's assurance last year that the wartime ban on Indian immigration to Kenya was due to expire during the next three or four months. The ban, however, still continued, he said.

Seth Govind Das said that recently two White members of the Kenya Executive Council had been given portfolios, while the Indian members of the Executive Council were still without portfolios. In spite of these discriminations the Government of India were not taking any steps.

MOTION PREMATURE!

Mr. R. N. Bannerjee, Commonwealth Relations Secretary, said that while the Government of India could not stand in the way of the constitutional evolution of the three East African colonies, Government's policy was to take every possible precaution to safeguard Indian interests.

The adjournment motion, he submitted, was premature. Government had an assurance from the Colonial Office that full opportunity would be given to them to examine these proposals and to place before H.M.G. any suggestions and views they might have to safeguard the interests of Indians in any new scheme of co-ordination. The Government of India had been slightly handicapped by the absence of any accredited representative in these colonies, but they had set action in motion to ascertain the views of the Indian community.

Mr. Bannerjee assured the House that the Indian cause would not suffer by default or on account of lack of vigilance or effort on the part of the Government of India.

EUROPEAN SUPPORT

Mr. P. J. Griffiths, Leader of the European Group, said that the European Group was entirely with Indians in demanding equality for Indian citizens in other parts of the Commonwealth and an equal status for India with other members of the Commonwealth. He appealed to the Leader of the House to accept the motion. Government should not regard this motion as a censure even though according to Parliamentary Convention an adjournment motion, if passed, would amount to a censure.

Mr. Mchd. Nauman (Muslim League) said that the purpose behind the adjournment motion was to secure that negotiations on the status of Indians in East Africa were conducted as between two independent countries. He supported the motion.

Prof. Ranga said that the White Paper proposals were not in the interests either of the natives or of the Indians but of the European community, which was in an absolutely insignificant minority.

Sardar Sampuran Singh said that the Government of India should make it clear to the Colonial Office that they would enforce sanctions against East Africa if the rights of Indians in that territory were not properly safeguarded.

"DISTINCT STEP FORWARD"

Sir Edward Benthall, Leader of the House, said that the White Paper proposals would appear to be a distinct step forward. What the mover sought to do was to censure Government for not taking action because some individual in East Africa had said something against the proposals. Whether the proposals were adequate or not was a subject on which the Government of India had not yet expressed an opinion. If the matter had been brought forth in a resolution, Government would not have had any hesitation in accepting it, but as an adjournment motion was a form of censure on Government—a censure which Government did not deserve—he formally opposed the motion. He, however, made it clear that Government were in accord with the sentiments expressed by the members of the House.

The motion was passed without a division.

QUESTION TIME

A number of questions relating to constitutional developments were put at question time in the Central Assembly to-day.

Replying to Pandit Thakur Das Bhargava (Congress), Sir Edward Benthall, Leader of the House, said that the Government's intentions regarding the Constitution-making Body were indicated in the Viceroy's statement of September 19, 1945, and in his address to the Assembly on Jan 28. The exact plans for the position and programme of the Constitution-making Body would depend upon the discussions which the Viceroy would hold with leaders of main political parties after the elections. Sir Edward was unable to indicate any time schedule.

Mr. Jaffer: Have H. M. G. accepted in principle the question of esta-

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 6.)

Will Soviet Be Out-Voted On Greek Issue?

'BIG FIVE' CONFABULATIONS BEHIND CLOSED DOORS

U. N. O. Assembly Postpones Trusteeship Issue

LONDON, February 5. (Reuter): Eleven men will to-night take their seats at a horseshoe table in the Security Council's Conference room in Church House to strive for a decision on which the future of international arbitration must rest, writes Khalex Quereshi, Reuters' special correspondent.

A few minutes before the Council adjourned last night, Soviet charges over the presence of British troops in Greece developed into a test case for the vital issue of "Big Five" veto, now involving the future authority of the Council and the Russia's continued wholehearted co-operation.

The "Big Five" Conference, held behind closed doors in London this morning is stated not to have dealt with this problem, but informed contacts and lobby talks went on throughout the day in an effort to find a compromise before the Council meets at 8-30 p.m. (G.M.T.)

If last night's meeting is any indication, there will be frank and even heated words exchanged in church house to-night.

The Russians insist on a resolution recording Britain's declared willingness to withdraw her troops from Greece "as soon as possible as the Council's reason for closing the case.

Mr. Bevin, who demands completo exoneration of Britain from the charge of breach of peace, last night retorted "I am not so childish as to fall for that" to the Soviet suggestion words which reveal the way in which the cards have come face upwards. M. Vyshinsky replied in the same vein, raising one of the few laughs in the tense and tired gathering. "Mr. Bevin said it was a very clever proposal", the Soviet diploma said. "Of course, it was an exclamation mark".

Tonight, the Council will have to decide whether Britain and Russia shall be allowed to vote at all on the case. A negative decision would rule out the Soviet veto—and confront delegates with the alternative of completely outvoting Russia on the first issue before the Council.

The New Greek Foreign Minister, M. Rentis, may attend the Council for the first time if he arrives in London late this afternoon from Rome.

FRENCH ISSUE

Even if a generally acceptable compromise is reached tonight, The Council will remain faced with the prospects of a French controversy—for the question of British and French troops in the Levant has been added to their agenda.

Raised by the Syrian and Lebanese delegation, who urge the Council to recommend "total and simultaneous" withdrawal of foreign troops from the Levant, this new problem will have to await settlement of the Indonesian dispute, election of judges to the International Court and decision of Albania's application for U. N. O. membership.

It is believed in London, writes Reuter's diplomatic correspondent, that failure of Britain and France to make a start on the withdrawal of their forces as provided in last December's Anglo-French agreement precipitated the Syrian and Lebanese move.

Britain and France had already announced their intention of raising the question before U. N. O., in order to prepare a Regional Security Arrangement for the area as a whole and the Levant Governments evidently hope to achieve withdrawal of foreign troops before, not after, the Regional Plan is worked out.

Within the Council, the Levant States are assured of the support of Egypt, a fellow-member of the Arab League, now negotiating a similar problem with the British Government.

SOVIET SUPPORT TO LEVANT STATES

In the lobbies, it is considered highly probable that the Levant States will also receive support from the Soviet Union.

MINOR STORM SUBSIDES.

The Russians raised a minor storm at a meeting of the Social Humanitarian and Cultural Committee this morning where the Soviet delegate flatly accused the Chairman, Mr. Peter Fraser, the Prime Minister of New Zealand, of partiality in his conduct of the debate.

Mr. Fraser, in summing up the Committee's protracted debate on Europe's refugees, suggested that it would be best to adopt the American proposal sponsored by Mrs. Roosevelt which ran counter to earlier Soviet proposals in providing some measure

(Continued on Page 4 Col. 5.)

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REDUCED RATION QUOTA FOR DELHI

NEW DELHI, Feb. 4. (A.P.I.): Foodgrain ration is to be reduced in Delhi to twelve ounces per day for adults and six ounces per day for children, says a press note issued by the Controller of Rationing. The present ration is eighteen ounces for adults and nine ounces for children.

★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★

SOVIET EYES ON AZERBAIJAN OIL

LONDON, Feb. 5. (Reuter): Russia needs every drop of oil on which she can lay her hands writes Jona Almon, Reuter's commentator on international affairs.

Soviet oil output last year is estimated at only 20,000,000 tons—6,000,000 tons less than her pre-war requirements.

At the same time, her needs have risen sharply.

It is now learned that in addition to the loss of the Maikop oilfields in the Northern Caucasus to the Germans the oilfields at Grozny had to be destroyed. Altogether 3,000 wells with a normal production of 9,000,000 tons of crude oil were lost.

Faced thus by a declining domestic output from a region strategically most exposed of the entire Soviet Union and with an increased domestic demand to make good war time losses to supply the newly incorporated states of Eastern Europe and maintain the armies of occupation, the Russians have quite comprehensibly planted themselves firmly on about 1/10th of Europe's oil production.

Partition of Poland brought Poland's principal oil producing area under Russian control and incorporation of Esthonia brought an annual supply 200,000 tons of shale oil.

Russia gets a half share of Rumania's unwinding output during the next six years as reparations and the Hungarian and Austrian oilfields have far greater importance than is usually credited to them.

But even though the Soviet draws about seven million tons from these European countries all this is insufficient to meet the immediate needs with rapidly expanding reconstruction and expansion.

Continuation of Soviet oil policy is therefore indicated and with this is linked interest in Azerbaijan and possible oil concessions there.

The Russians have asked for a drilling concession covering about 150,000 square miles.

Important oil deals are pending in the Levant, and Russia may claim a share there.

VALLABHBHAI BACK IN CITY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel arrived in Bombay by aeroplane from Karachi on Tuesday evening. He was received at the aerodrome by Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Mr. S. K. Patil and other Congress leaders.

CASES AGAINST MRS. ASAF ALI TO BE DROPPED

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5. (U.P.I.): The "United Press of India" is officially informed that the two cases against Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali in the Court of the Additional District Magistrate, Delhi, have been withdrawn. No action will now be taken in this connection.

HOUSE TO BE RELEASED

It is further learnt that a step is being taken to release the house of Mrs. Asaf Ali which was attached by the Government. Steps are also being taken to return the sale proceeds of the car belonging to Mrs. Asaf Ali which was auctioned by the Government.

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LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (MARCH).

NEW YORK, Feb 5.

Previous Closing	25.39
To-day's Opening	25.39
Difference	Nil
To-day's Closing	25.40
Difference	+01

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors dol. 79.

Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 40.

United States Steel Corporation Common dol. 95 3/8.

United States Steel Pref. unquoted.—Reuter.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

The City Engineer, Bombay Municipality, invites offers for the purchase of A.R.P. Folding Barricades erected at the places mentioned below upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of February, 1946:

1. Mahim Railway Station.
2. Dadar Railway Station (B.B. & C.I. Rly.)
3. Dadar Railway Station (G.I.P. Railway).
4. Dadar, Tilak Bridge.
5. Lower Parel Railway Station.
6. Grant Road Railway Station.

Offers should be sent in sealed envelopes superscribed "Offer for A.R.P. Folding Barricades" addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, with a deposit of Rs. 200/-. The purchaser shall arrange for dismantling and removal of the barricades from the sites and bear the cost thereof. The work shall be done under the supervision of the Mechanical Engineer. The purchaser shall be allowed to excavate the ground to a depth of 6" only from the road surface and cut the posts at that level for dismantling the barricades, which shall be removed from the site immediately and not allowed to be stacked on the road. The repairs to roads will be done by the Municipality and the purchaser will not be called upon to bear any charges therefor. On their applying to the Mechanical Engineer at his office at Foras Road, Municipal Workshops, Bombay, the intending Offerer will be furnished with a copy of a blue print showing the exact locations of the barricades and any other information that may be required. Offers must be brought duly sealed to the Municipal Office and delivered at the Chief Accountant's Office. Intending Offerers shall not be allowed to fill in or seal their offers at the Chief Accountant's or any other Municipal Office. If any Offerer revokes his offer prior to the decision of the sanctioning authority accepting his offer is communicated to him or if he fails to pay the full purchase price within 10 days from the date of such acceptance is communicated to him, the deposit lodged by him shall be absolutely forfeited to the Corporation.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

(6566)

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of various used articles from the India United Mills Ltd.,—No. 1 Mill, No. 2 & 3 Mills, No. 4 Mill, No. 5 Mill and Dye Works and will be received upto 11-2-1946 at the Registered Office, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender forms can be obtained from this Office.

6527

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai SHIRINBAI H. SETHNA, Bai JAIJI K. D. COOPER, Dr. NARIMAN DINSHAW NARIMAN and SAM DINSHAW NARIMAN all of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants the present Trustees of the Deed of Trust dated 26-6-1922 made by Sir Temuljee B. Nariman have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim of whatsoever nature against or to the said property or any part thereof are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date of publication hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece of Bombay Port Trust Leasehold land situate at Strand Road in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay admeasuring about 1293-1/9 Sq. Yds. together with the buildings thereon and bearing Collector's New No. 9560 and C S. No. 393 of Colaba Division and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under "A" Ward No. 877(3) St. No. 16.

Dated 5th February 1946.

MAZAGONWALLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

6574

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Mr. R. ROY, Mg. Director

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction
SUIT NO. 111 OF 1946.

Luis Martinho Pereira, of Bombay, Indian Christian Inhabitant, residing at Roupa Lane, Chandanwadi, Chira Bazar, outside the Fort of Bombay. .. Plaintiff.

Versus

1. Pedro Rodrigues, 2. Diogo Rebello, 3. Custodio Fernandes, 4. Cortino Fernandes, 5. Gonzaga Mascarenhas, 6. Feliciano Pinto, - And - 7. Joseph Hermelino Pereira, all of Bombay, Indian Christian Inhabitants, defendants Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7 residing at c|o The Club of Quepemcares, Sidhwa Building, Old Sonapur Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay and defendant No. 3 residing at Dhobi Talao, outside the Fort of Bombay, on behalf of themselves and all other members of the Club of Quepemcares. .. Defendants.

To,

All the members of the Club known as the Club of Quepemcares (except the plaintiff):

Pursuant to the Order made by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kania on the 23rd day of January, 1946, Notice is hereby given under Order 1 Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure that this suit has been filed by the abovenamed Plaintiff against the defendants abovenamed for and on behalf of themselves and all other members of the Club known as the Club of Quepemcares except the plaintiff abovenamed interalia for the following reliefs:—

(a) That the resolutions passed on the 24th July and on 26th August, 1945, whereby the Plaintiff is sought to be expelled, may be declared 'ultra-vires' void and not binding on the Plaintiff and that the same may be set aside.
(b) That it may be declared that the Plaintiff has all along continued to be and still is a member of the Club and is entitled to exercise all the rights and privileges as such member.
(c) That the defendants and the members of the said club, its office bearers, servants and agents may be restrained by an Order and injunction of this Hon'ble Court from excluding the plaintiff from the said Club and from preventing or prohibiting him from the use of its premises and from exercising and enjoying all his rights and privileges as a member.
(d) for a declaration that the members of the said Club are liable to pay and the Plaintiff is entitled to receive from them Rs. 10,000|- or such amount as this Hon'ble Court may grant as and by way of damages as mentioned in para 10 of the Plaint.
(e) That it may be declared that the amount awarded to the Plaintiff under prayer (d) above is payable to the Plaintiff out of the funds of the Club and that the defendants or anyone or more of them may be ordered to pay to the Plaintiff the said sum together with the costs of this suit, out of the funds of the said Club. And for appointment of Receiver, injunction, costs and other reliefs.

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the hearing of the suit has been fixed for Monday the 25th day of March, 1946.

Dated this 5th day of February, 1946.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

Sd|- A. N. KIRTIKAR,
for Prothonotary and Senior Master.

Sd|- A. R. NARAYAN AYYER,
This 5th day of February, 1946.
Messrs. JOSHI & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
(6575)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that EBRAHIM ABDUL CADER and EBRAHIM ABDUL CAYUM ABDUL CADER both of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all incumbrances,

All persons having any claim of whatsoever nature against or to the said property or any part thereof are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date of publication hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of land situate at Arab Lane in the City and registration Sub District of Bombay admeasuring in all 3222 square yards (of which 334 square yds. is of Government leasehold tenure bearing Collector's New No. 16033 and New Survey No. 2/6944 and the remaining portion is of Foras Freehold tenure bearing Collector's New No. 14086 and New Survey No. 1/6949) together with the buildings standing thereon called "Jooni Vari" and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 202 of Tardeo Division and assessed by Bombay Municipality under D Ward 4179 to 4186 Street No. 19 Arab Lane and D Ward No. 4187 to 4191 Street No. 17 Arab Lane and Bapty Road.

Dated 4th February 1946.

MAZAGONWALLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
6572

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ANANDDAS LAXMIDAS had contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned immovable properties. Any person having any claim or claims or interest in or to the said properties or any part thereof by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, residence, use, maintenance, charge or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 19, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim or claims and the same if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES

FIRSTLY:—All that piece of land forming part of a large piece of land situate at Forjett Street in Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1712, 82, square yards or thereabouts including therein a portion of the Road lying to the West of the premises admeasuring 338.89 square yards being Plot No. 2 of the Forjett Street Estate which large piece of land is registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 406, 442, New Nos. A|2290 and A|2319, Old Survey No. 58 and New Survey No. 1|7066 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 3411 (1) and Street No. 224 and present D Ward No. 3393 (2A), and Street No. 8 and bounded on the East partly by Plot No. 17 and partly by Plot No. 18 of the Forjett Street Estate on the West by the said pacca built road on the North partly by the said road and partly by Plot No. 17 of the said Estate and on the South partly by the said road and partly by Plot No. 18 and partly by Plot No. 1. Belonging to the said Estate and which premises bear Cadastral Survey No. 644 part of Malbar and Cumballa Hill Division but correct Cadastral Survey No. is 15|644 of Malbar and Cumballa Hill Division.

SECONDLY:—All that piece of land situated at Forjett Street without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement Twenty-four square yards or thereabouts forming part of Plot No. 18 of the Forjett Street, Estate of Raghavji Purshottam and Karmalli Hasham and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue along with other lands under Old Nos. 466, 442, New Nos. A|2290 and A|2319, Old Survey No. 58 and New Survey No. 1|7066 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 3411(2) and Street No. 24A and present D Ward No. 3393 (2B) and bounded on the East partly by the remaining portion of Plot No. 18 of the said Forjett Street estate and partly by the said pacca built Road, on the West by the said plot No. 2, on the North partly by the said road and partly by the remaining portion of the said Plot No. 18 and on the South by the said Plot No. 2 and bears Cadastral Survey No. 644 Part of Malbar and Cumballa Hill Division.

Dated this 4th day of February, 1946.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(6569)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MANGALDAS LALLUBHAI KAJI and LILAVATI ISHWARLAL LALLUBHAI have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, lease, lien, charges or otherwise—howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Cama Chambers, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of vacant land at Vile Parle admeasuring about 619 sq. yds. being Plot No. 10 of the Andheri Scheme of the Hindustan Housing Co., Ltd., under the Andheri Town Planning Scheme No. 6 of the Government of Bombay, near the Railway Station.

Dated this 5th day of February 1946.

HIRALAL M. MEHTA & CO.
Purchasers attorneys
(6570)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 319 GALLONS CHEESE COLOUR, 602 Gallons New Zealand Cheese Rennet and 189 cwt. I.C.I. make Disodium Phosphate Anhydrous. (Surplus from Govt. Cheese Factory, Anand) by order of Messrs. Polsons Ltd., on Monday, 11-2-46, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at M|s. Polsons Ltd.'s Factory, at 65B Dockyard Rd. Mazagaon, Terms: 25 per cent deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF DRUMS, TINS, SCRAP, ETC.

By order of the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Messrs. Crawford & Co. will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, 8-2-46, at 11 A.M. (S.T.) at Salvage Transit Depot, in Garrison Engineer's Yard, Kalyan, big lots Drums, Tins, cases scrap, cable, etc. Deposit 25 per cent. delivery within 21 days.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO.,
Government Auctioneers.

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Award No. 27 of 1945.
Re: Indian Arbitration Act 1940
and
In the matter of Arbitration between Messrs. Ramdutt Shrigopal and Mohanlal Ramchand and S. G. Lalvani, guarantor for the business of Mr. Mohanlal Ramchand.

Messrs. RAMDUTT SHRIGOPAL .. Plaintiffs.

Vesus

Mr. MOHANLAL RAMCHAND .. Defendant.

TAKE NOTICE that this Hon'ble Court will be moved before His Lordship taking miscellaneous matters on Friday the 1st day of March, 1946, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon (S.T.) or soon thereafter as counsel can be heard by counsel on the part of the abovenamed plaintiffs for the following order:

1. That a Decree be passed in favour of the plaintiffs abovenamed in terms of the Award herein dated the 25th day of April, 1945, filed in this Hon'ble Court on the 20th day of July, 1945.
2. That the defendant be ordered to pay to the plaintiffs their costs of and incidental to the filing of the Award of the notice issued herein by this Hon'ble Court on the 31st day of July, 1945, and of this Application and of the Order to be made on this notice of Motion.

Dated this 17th day of September, 1945.

(Sd.) UNVALA & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

This notice of Motion is taken out by Messrs. Unvala & Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs.

To

Mohanlal Ramchand,
The Defendant abovenamed.

N.B.—The affidavit of Shrigopal Ramdutt solemnly affirmed on the 15th day of September, 1945, will be used in support of this Notice of Motion.

(6564)

"FIFTEEN YEARS AHEAD"

Fazalbhoys' New Book On Planning Presented To Press

"An effort of this type in arousing people's interest in planning for the future is a valuable piece of work", remarked Sir Henry Knight, Adviser to the Governor of Bombay, presiding at a unique function held at the Taj on Tuesday afternoon of the presentation to the Press of a book on planning entitled "Fifteen Years Ahead", brought out by the house of Fazalbhoys.

Sir Henry congratulated the Fazalbhoys' and their assistants on the way they had admirably produced the book. It contained valuable information which embraced all aspects of planning. It was an effort which ought to set the country thinking.

Any plan, however, could only be executed by hard work, which meant 10 per cent inspiration and 90 per cent perspiration. It was no use planners pigeonholing their works and saying "I have done my job."

Mr. S. A. Brelvi, thanked the publishers on behalf of the Press.

He referred to the Bombay Plan and the various plans that followed it and observed that this was the first time that a business house had undertaken a task of this type.

For India freedom was not an end in itself but a means to make the people prosperous by abolishing poverty, illiteracy, raising the standard of education and making their industrial future assured, added Mr. Brelvi. It meant, providing with adequate food, clothing and housing the crores of people who had not had these bare necessities for over a hundred years.

NATIONAL PLANNING COMMITTEE.

He referred to the work of the National Planning Committee from whose labours he said would emerge a practical plan, which a responsible Government would be able to implement. He congratulated the Fazalbhoys' on their magnificent venture and also on their establishment of a Public Relations Department, which example he hoped would be emulated by other commercial houses.

OBJECT OF PUBLICATION.

At the outset Mr. M. A. Fazalbhoy observed that the inspiration behind the book was a desire to further the task of nation-building. India had awakened and so her industrialists. Mass contact was the key-note of all progressive ventures and the new book, he said, aimed at making the people thinking for themselves. Mr. Fazalbhoy said that "Fifteen Years Ahead" cut a new line in the field of industrial journalism.

Mr. H. D. Sethna, Executive Editor of the publication, said that in the context of the great issues facing the country a definite plan was the need of the hour. The book presented for the first time expert Indian opinion. It was a supplement to the many plans now before the country. Mr. Sethna asserted that the comprehensive and realistic contents of the book voiced a much-needed warning to rigid and narrow planners.

PRESENT TO BRITISH LEGION BY CHURCHILLS

LONDON, Feb. 4. (Reuter): A country mansion near Seven Oaks, Kent, was presented to the British Legion by Mr. and Mrs. Churchill. It is to be used as a rehabilitation centre and convalescent home for the men who served in the war.

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5. (U.P.I.): It is understood that the Government of India have decided to change the name of the Bureau of Public Information and henceforward it will be known as the Office of Press Information.

LONDON LEAGUERS DEMAND PAKISTAN

Wavell Condemned For "Defaming Democracy": Attack On Punjab Governor And Premier

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
LONDON, Feb. 4.

A downright attack on the British Government and Lord Wavell was made last night at Bonnington Hotel at a public meeting attended by 25 Muslims and presided over by Mr. John Sperni ex-Mayor of St. Pancras who was expelled from the Labour Party a few years ago and who is at present a free lance "politician", a businessman and a Magistrate.

The meeting was convened by the London Muslim League and five Muslim speakers boasted about Mr. Jinnah's cent per cent victory in the Central Assembly elections. All of them added that the votes so far cast for the Provincial Assembly elections represented an "overwhelming triumph" of the All-India Muslim League.

DEMOCRACY DEFAMED

Mr. Sperni proclaimed in a violent speech that Lord Wavell had defamed the word "democracy" by announcing his determination to convene one Constituent Assembly. Lord Wavell is doing this because he is Whitehall's "yes" man. He is not sticking to his own conscience or principles. He is not loyal to democracy but to Mr. Attlee and his Government. The British Government's policy in India is political humbug and hypocrisy. If Lord Wavell carries out his plan for preserving the unity of India he would in fact be endangering the peace of India and the whole world, warned Mr. Sperni.

The meeting passed three resolutions, one demanding "Pakistan now for Muslim, India", and secondly, expressing solidarity with the Indonesians' demand for the withdrawal of Indian troops from Indonesia. One speaker was convinced that in fighting for their independence, the Indonesian people were in fact fighting for the establishment of Pakistan in India.

PUNJAB AUTHORITIES CONDEMNED

There was a virulent attack on the Governor and the Premier of the Punjab when a third resolution was discussed. It demanded the immediate dismissal of the Punjab Governor. It asserted there was unwarranted intervention by the Governor in the provincial elections. It urged the appointment of a committee to investigate malpractices in the Punjab by the Administrators.

Mr. Sperni concluded the proceedings by giving "Allah's blessings to my fellow Muslim brethren whose spirit Lord Wavell cannot crush".

BIG TRAIN ROBBERY IN EGYPT

CAIRO, Feb. 5. (Reuter): Bandits stole £ 20,000 from a train travelling Upper Egypt to Cairo last night.

The bandits, who are believed to have numbered about six, lowered themselves from the roof of the train into the postal compartment, attacked four guards with knives and tied them up. They then stole £ 20,000 which was in Bank Notes from packages addressed to the National Bank of Egypt. The robbery took place near Wasta, 50 miles from Cairo, but was not discovered until the train reached Gizeh in Cairo when investigations were started.

Exiled Arab Leader Back To Palestine

JERUSALEM, Feb. 5. (Reuter): M. Jamal Husseini, former Arab political leader who was deported in 1941, is expected to reach Palestine from Beirut on February 6. M. Husseini is now permitted to take up residence in Palestine permanently by the Palestine Government. Arab political circles expect him to take over leadership of the Palestine Arab Party from his elder brother M. Twefik Husseini.

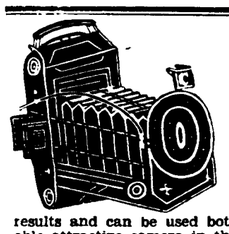
POSSIBILITY OF FAMINE IN MARWAR?

(From Our Correspondent)
JODHPUR, (By Mail).

A note of warning that a food famine of the worst type would ravage Marwar if the Government does not rise from its slumber was sounded in a public meeting held under the presidentship of Mr. C. R. Chopasniwala last night. The speakers included Mr. Jainarain Vyas, President Marwar Lok Parishad and General Secretary All-India States People's Conference, and Mr. Dwarka Das Purohit, President Municipal Board and Mr. Chhaganlal Swastik and others.

"Unless the Government forcibly procure the corn hoarded for profiteering purposes by Jagirdars who are custodians of 82 per cent of Marwar and unless adequate quantity of wheat is imported from outside, the apprehension of a worst famine will hang heavy on the head of this State", said Mr. Vyas in course of his speech. The stocks, Mr. Vyas added, held by Jagirdars who hold ministerial jobs should be declared and procured first and orders should be issued banning the sale of corn stock held by Jagirdars otherwise than Government Agency.

Mr. Dwarkadas regretted that Government has not cared to reply his letter addressed in the capacity of Municipal President and asked the people to muster strong to get the food situation improved.



FREE PHOTO CAMERA

This camera is well designed and accurately finished to take fine photos of all objects without any inconvenience in the twinkling of eye. It is simple to operate and gives accurate results and can be used both by Amateurs and professionalists. It is valuable attractive camera in the line and is certainly low priced. Buy this camera, make a hobby. Earn a trade.

PRICE:—Model camera, complete with all film, cards, chemicals, and easy direction. No. 501—Rs. 5/12/-. Best quality No. 545 Rs. 7/4/-. De Lux Extra Special quality No. 550—Rs. 9/8/-. Folding No. 1000—Rs. 45/-. Case with Belt Rs. 2/8. Packing and postage Rs. 1/2/-.

Note:—Buyers of six cameras at a time will get one camera No. 550—FREE.

Limited Stock, order now lest you be disappointed.

Price refunded if not approved.

IMPERIAL CHAMBER OF SCIENCE
B. C. P.B. 61, LAHORE.

THE PROBLEM OF THE SALARIED MAN & WAGE EARNER

ANOTHER NEW YEAR HAS BEGUN IN RIGHT EARNEST AND IT IS TIME NOW TO ACT ON YOUR PLANS!

WITH HEAVY AND SERIOUS RESPONSIBILITIES ALREADY OR COMING ERE LONG—DEPENDENT FAMILIES, OLD AGE AND WHAT NOT—PROMPT ACTION IS CALLED FOR. THERE IS NO MAGIC *'OPEN SESAME'* FOR PROSPERITY EXCEPT ALONG THE ROYAL ROAD OF PLANNED SAVINGS DRIVE AND OUR WELL KNOWN

Cumulative Deposit Scheme

GIVES THE BEST YIELD WITH ABSOLUTE SECURITY!

CALL AT ANY OF OUR OFFICES FOR PARTICULARS AND ACT PROMPTLY.

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Central office—Homji St., Fort, Bombay.

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Gram.: GENERATORS. Phone: CAL.: 4678.

THE ASSAM BOUNDARY TEA COMPANY LTD.

(Established 1928)

Head Office: 17, Mangoe Lane, CALCUTTA.

CAPITAL..... RS. 5,00,000 (FIVE LACS)
SUBSCRIBED & PAID UP
CAPITAL..... RS. 3,00,000-(THREE LACS)

A Dividend Paying Concern with efficient Board of Directors. Last Dividend declared at 7%. Dividend expected 12½ on the work of 1946. Our GARDEN TEA is highly appreciated by all aristocratic circles in India.

Another 8,000 ORDINARY SHARES of Rs. 25/- each to be issued by the Company now, for further extension and development of the Garden. Shares may be available within a limited time only. Applications for shares should reach this office without delay.

N. B.—A PREMIUM OF 5% MAY BE EXEMPTED ON PAYMENT OF FULL VALUE OF SHARES AT A TIME.

Our Special Brand "A. B." Tea
Is Most Popular All Over India

BOARDS OF DIRECTORS.

1. KHAN BAHADUR QUAZI MAHAMOODUR RAHMAN, Registrar of Assurance (Retired) Calcutta.
2. Mr. B. GANGULI, Planter, Landlord, General Merchant, Proprietor of Messrs. Planters' Agency, and Managing Director of the Eastern General Trading Corporation. Ltd.
3. Mr. B. L. GHOSE, M.A., B.L., Advocate, High Court, Calcutta.
4. Mr. S. C. MITTER, B.L., Pleader, Calcutta.
5. Mr. ROBERT GOMES, General Merchant, Calcutta.

Managing Agents:—PLANTERS' AGENCY

Experienced and Energetic Agents are only wanted for selling shares of the Company on commission basis.

APPLICATION FOR SHARES

THE ASSAM BOUNDARY TEA COMPANY LTD.

I/We send herewith a remittance of Rs..... (in words.....) at the rate of Rs. 3/- per share for.....shares of Rs. 25/- each, and Admission fee Re. 1/- in the above company and I/WE request you to allot me that number of shares.

I/We hereby agree to accept the same, or any less number that may be allotted to me/us subject to the Memorandum and Article of Association of the Company.

Applicant's name in full.....
Name of father or husband or guardian.....
Permanent Residence.....
Present Residence.....
Occupation or Profession.....

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AZAD HIND PRODUCTIONS

ANNOUNCE

THEIR INITIAL PICTURE

GULDASTA

For particulars apply to:

AZAD HIND PRODUCTIONS

126, Main Road, Dadar

BOMBAY 14.

CAN WOMAN BE EQUAL TO MAN?

FIND THE ANSWER FROM THE SPIRITED GIRLS IN

NAVYUG'S STREAMLINED HIT

DIN RAAT

Starring: SHEHPRABHA Paresh, Bannerji, Sulochana, Chaterji, V. Thengdi, Dar Kasmiri

Directed by SHOREY DAULTALVI

Plans open: 10 to 12, 4 to 6 P.M.

Daily 4, 7, 10 Sun. 1 P.M.

A 'PEERLESS' RELEASE

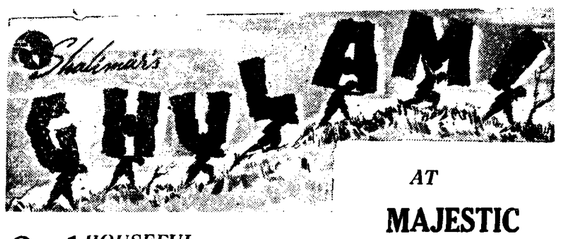
FRIDAY 4 P. M.

KRISHNA

National Songs by the greatest Poets

Thrilling Music by the wizard of melody

SHALIMAR'S landmark in film entertainment



2nd WEEK HOUSEFUL

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

AT

MAJESTIC

"A Radium Release"

Gala Premiere On SATURDAY 9th FEB.

An Ascetic LOOKS BACK At The WORLD!

—ONLY TO WIPE AWAY THE CURSE OF DOWRY SYSTEM!

★

KARDAR Productions Social with a FAMILY-APPEAL!

★

SHAMIM

Gulam Mohmed

Amar

Misra

Shyan & others.

SANYASI

Producer-Director: KARDAR

Music: NAUSHAD

Songs: Pt. MADHUR

Story-Dialogues: AZM

Advance Booking 10 to 12; 3 to 6.

KAMAL

A Sunrich Release.

Saga of feminine courage

EASTERN PICTURES'

ZEENAT

Directed by: SHAUKAT HUSSAIN

Starring: NOOR JEHAN

12TH HOUSE-FULL WEEK

Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p.m.

SUPER

A "Salma" Release

THE DANCE OF LIFE!

MAHESHWARI Pictures'

Ragni

Starring: SMRITI, NAJAM, ARUNA, PRAN, GYANI

2ND WEEK OF CROWDS

TAJ

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

****

By Public Request!

FRIDAY 8th FEB. 9-30 A.M.

SHAKUNTALA NATAK

Sat. 9th Feb. 9-30 a.m.

DEEWAR

Plans open as usual

Royal Opera House

****

THEY CAME TO A CITY.....

—AND FOUND THE HAVOC WROUGHT BY

AMEEREE

Associated Pictures Social Hit

Starring: BARUA, RAMOLA, JAMUNA, MOLINA, AHINDRA CHOWDHURY, MAYA BANNERJI

Plans open: 10 to 11-30, 4-30 to 6 p.m.

FRIDAY 4 P. M.

LAMINGTON

AN 'EMPIRE' TALKIE DISTRIBUTORS' RELEASE

REPLETE WITH RHYTHM!

Jamuna Productions'

RATTAN

Swarnalata, Wasti, Karan Diwan

Direction: M. SADIQ. Songs: MADHOK.

Music: NAUSHAD.

Plans Open 10 to 12, 4 to 6 P.M.

4th Week of FULL-HOUSES

IMPERIAL

Daily : 4, 7, 10 P.M.

A Diamond Select Release

ZENANA SHOW TOMORROW 1 P.M.

JAYANT DESAI'S

TADBIR

Starring: SAIGAL, SURAIYA

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

12TH WEEK

KRISHNA

CAPITOL

PRAKASH PICTURES ENTERTAINING SOCIAL

HAMARA SANSAR

9th WEEK

Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-30

Matinee Sun. 1 p. m.

Reservation: 9-30 to 12-30 & 5 to 7 p. m.

(Evergreen Release)

7TH WEEK OF SUCCESS!

TALWAR Productions'

ALBELI

Starring: RAMOLA

Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sun. 1 p. m.

CENTRAL

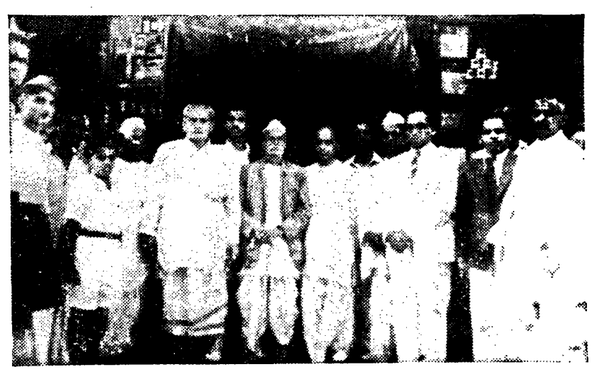
15th Week of Fame!

MINERVA'S MAMMOTH HIT

EK-DIN-KA-SULTAN

Daily: 4, 7 10 Sun 1 p m

NEW WEST END



Reception To Senapati Bapat at Damodar Thakersey Hall on Sunday. Veer Vamanrao Joshi of Berar presided.

POONA RECEPTION TO SENAPATI BAPAT

POONA, Feb. 5. (U.P.I.): Senapati P. M. Bapat, President of the Maharashtra Forward Bloc, who arrived here today after his release from the Amraoti Jail was given a rousing reception at the railway station. He was garlanded on behalf of the local Congress Committee and other organisations

JEMADAR OF SYCES ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.—Ganes Baldeo who was arrested on a charge of receiving race bets, was also alleged to have been implicated in connection with the doping of race horses in the capacity of Jemadar of Syces. He was put under arrest by the C.I.D., Bombay and produced today before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, who ordered him to be released on bail of Rs. 5,000.

APPEAL TO COUNCIL OF STATE VOTERS

Mr. G. S. Motilal, Leader of the Congress Party in Council of State, writes:

The Congress Parliamentary Board would, in the coming election, set up Congress candidates for the Council of State in Bombay and other provinces and looks to the voters for their solid support. Names of the candidates will be declared at the proper time. Voters, it is hoped, will not promise their votes to other candidates now canvassing.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(Established: December, 1911)

HEAD OFFICE:

Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	Rs.	5,25,00,000
ISSUED CAPITAL	Rs.	5,04,39,600
PAID UP CAPITAL	Rs.	2,51,26,625
RESERVE & OTHER FUNDS	Rs.	2,74,30,600
DEPOSITS AS AT 31-12-45	Rs.	1,05,23,64,400

Over 320 Branches and Pay-Offices throughout India.

DIRECTORS

Sir Homi Mody, K.B.E., Chairman,
Haridas Madhavdas, Esquire,
Dinshaw D. Romer, Esquire.
Vithaldas Kanji, Esquire,
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Bapooji Dadabhoy Lam, Esquire,
Dharamsey Mulraj Khatau, Esquire,
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Messrs. Barclay's Bank, Ltd.
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NEW YORK AGENTS:

Messrs. The Guaranty-Trust Co., of New York.

Banking business of every description transacted on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. C. CAPTAIN, Managing Director.

ZENANA SHOW TODAY AT 1-15

RANJIT'S

CHAND CHAKORI

Daily: 4, 7 & 10

LAMINGTON

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SMILES, GIGGLES & GUFFAWS

All kinds of laughter in

Producer ACHARYA'S

Paristaan

Anjali Devi & Pahari Sanya'

3rd WEEK

SWASTIK

Daily: 4, 7, & 10

Sat., Sun. Matinee 1 p. m.

****

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Shud 5, 2002
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Anval 3, 1365
Parsi: Shehrever 6, 1315
Sunrise: 7-11 a.m. Sunset: 6-34 p.m.
Hightide: 02-35, 14-54
Lowtide: 08-48, 20-37.

To-day's Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Next Weekly Meeting of the Standing Committee in Municipal Hall, at 3 p.m. (B.T.) to-day.

PEOPLE'S FREE READING ROOM AND LIBRARY: Centenary Celebrations of Dhobitalao Library at Framji Cowasji Institute at 3-45 p.m. (S.T.) to-day. Governor will preside.

BENGALEE RESIDENTS (North Suburbs): Sree Saraswati Puja in Bhagini Samaj Hall, Tagore Road, Santa Cruz, at 8-30 a.m. to-day.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "The Psychic Nature In Man" is subject of short talk to be delivered and to be followed by questions and answers at 6-15, to-day at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

BOMBAY PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY: Bradley Centenary, Prof. G. N. Lawande will read a paper on Bradley's Logic to-day (Wednesday), Government Law College, 6 p.m.

BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY: Annual general meeting of the Socy., Ltd. (H.O.) Employees' Union will be held at 5-45 p.m. to-day in Tambe's Dining Hall, Fort.

COMPULSORY PRIMARY EDUCATION DRIVE: Open space near Dnaravi Kumbharwada Gujerati School at 6 p.m. to-day. (Ward G.)

FILM EMPLOYEES' PUBLIC MEETING: At 6-30 p.m. at Dadar Main Road Cross Lane, to-day (Wednesday), Mr. Vali Saheb will preside.

NATIONAL KANNADA EDUCATION SOCIETY: Harikatha performance in Kannada in Arya Samaj Hall, Matunga (G.I.P.) to-day (Wednesday) at 7-30 p.m. by Keertankar Sri Venkobadas of Bangalore.

FIFTH LITERACY WEEK 1946: The collection of funds during the 5th Literacy Week were as under:—Messrs. K. and J. Cooper Rs. 1,000; Patel Cotton Co. Ltd. Rs. 500; Kamala Mills, Ltd. Rs. 500; New China Mills, Ltd. Rs. 500; Seth Mangaldas N. Verma Rs. 500; Messrs. India United Mills, Ltd. Rs. 200; Volkart Bros. Rs. 200; General Motors (India) Ltd. Rs. 100; Nagindas Laloobhai Rs. 100; and Pioneer Magnesia Works, Ltd. Rs. 100; Total Rs. 3,700.

AKHIL BHARAT-VARSHIYA MARWARI AGRAWAL JATIYA KOSH: Executive Committee of the Jatiya Kosh (227, Kalbadevi Road) is pleased to announce two refundable scholarships of Rs. 200 each per month, tenable for two years for higher studies at U. K. or U.S.A. in technical, commercial and medical subjects. Applications are invited with testimonials before 31st March, 1946.

PROMINENT KATHIAWAR ARTIST DEAD: Death occurred last week at Rajkot of the prominent Kathiawar Artist Mr. S. M. Booch. After a brilliant career at Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, under such art stalwarts as the late Cecil L. Burns and Rao Bahadur M. V. Dhurandhar, Mr. Booch had made a name as an accomplished portrait-painter, after the style and palette of the late Masters Herkomer and Sargent. Among his models and patrons, he had distinguished personages like the Residents of Western India State Agency, the rulers of Kathiawar States and other Government and business notabilities. He carried away several highly prized awards in the Art Exhibitions at Bombay, Delhi as well as at Simla under the patronage of Lord Irwin, the then Viceroy of His portraits were remarkable for their striking likeness and rich colour technique.

IDAR ADVOCATE PASSES AWAY. Shri Ranchodlal R. Upadhyaya, the popular and respected advocate of Idar suddenly passed away as a result of heart-failure.

The deceased was the elder brother of Shri Somnath Upadhyaya, the leader of the Idar Bar, and Shri Vasudev Upadhyaya, the Bombay Barrister and Congress worker.

Shri Ranchhodlal was well-known for his simplicity, public spirit and service of the poor. He was 52 years old.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 6.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8.0 a.m. News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8.30 Hazara Singh 8.45 Shivdayal Batish 8.50 News (M) 9.0 News (G) 9-10 Programme Parade 9.15 Sardarbai Karadgekar 9.45 Folk-Songs.

12.30 p.m. Gujarati Garbe 12-45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 News (H) 1.0 Variety 1-30 News (E) 1.40 Music 2.30 Break for Lunch 4.20 School Broadcast 5.0 M. V. Mainkar 5.15 Wamanrao Sadolikar 5.45 Topical Talk 5.55 Locals 6.0 Ambalal C. Shah 6.15 Pramila Bai 6.30 News (E) 6.40 News (H) 6.45 M. V. Mainkar 7.0 Music from Film 7.15 B. V. Pendharkar 7.30 Marathi Programme 8.0 Filmi Dunya Men 8.15 News (M) 8.30 News (G) 8.45 Pramila Bai 9.0 News (E) 9.20 News (E) 9.30 B. B. C. News Relay 9.40 Hameer 9.45 Modern Times 10.0 Pramila Bai 10.10 Hazara Singh 10.25 Sardarbai Karadgekar.

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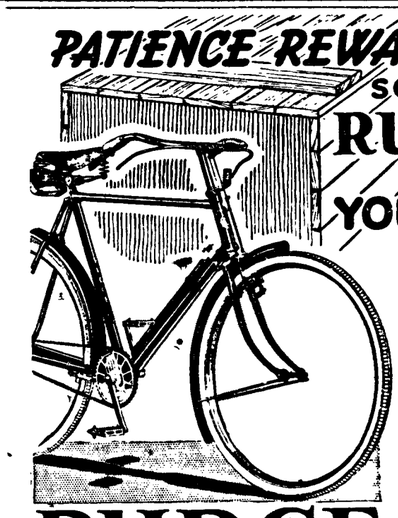

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Feb. 5, (A. P. I.): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st Nov. 1945, and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours (I. S. T.) on Feb. 5, 1946:

Abu 76 0 0 minus 0.7, Ahmedabad 90 61 0 0 minus 0.2, Ahmednagar 90 56 0 0.3 minus 1.3, Allahabad 84 85 500 1.0 minus 0.5, Bangalore 83 62 0 0.7 minus 2.7, Baroda 95 51 0 0 Belgaum 87 59 0 0.4 minus 1.6, Benares 81 48 0 0.6 minus 0.9, BOMBAY 83 68 0 0.4 minus 0.3, Calcutta 90 67 0 0 minus 1.5, Cawnpore 85 48 0 0 minus 1.3 Delhi 77 47 0 0.5 minus 1.1, Gaya 82 50 0 0.2 minus 1.4, Hyderabad (Dn) 87 60 0 0.1 minus 1.6, Hyderabad (Sd) 84 51 0 0 minus 0.4, Indore 87 52 0 0 minus 1.1, Jamshedpur 86 54 0 0 nil. Karachi 77 59 0 0.1 minus 0.8, Lahore 79 42 0 0.1 minus 1.7, Lucknow 83 48 0 0 minus 1.4 Madras 85 70 0 17.4 minus 3.4, Mahabaleswar 83 60 0 0 minus 2.0, Mysore 66 61 0 2.7 minus 0.6, Nagpur 93 60 0 0 minus 1.7, Patna 82 53 0 0.1 minus 1.2, Poona 92 56 0 minus 1.3, Quetta 60 29 0 2.7 minus 0.9, Rajkot 89 55 0 0 minus 0.4 Sholapur 90 66 0 0 minus 1.9, Simla 60 45 0 0.5 minus 4.3, Srinagar 59 30 0 1.6 minus 3.6, Surat 96 61 0 0 minus 0.5, Vizagapatam 81 67 0 0.1 minus 5.7.

The following is daily weather summary for Tuesday, the 5th February, 1946:—

A fresh Western disturbance is approaching Baluchistan. Weather has been dry over the country except for isolated showers in North-East Assam.

Forecast until the 6th evening: Generally dry weather.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

No man who is correctly informed as to the past will be disposed to take a morose or desponding view of the present.

—Macaulay

The Bombay Chronicle

SANITY PREVAILS

The B. E. S. T. Company's decision, declaring what is a virtual lock-out of its workers and clerks, was most deplorable. It caused unjustifiable inconvenience to the public apart from the injustice to the employees concerned. The Company's only excuse is that, though all the earlier demands of the B. E. S. T. Scheduled Staff Union were conceded by the Company, the Union put forward fresh demands including one for the payment of wages for strike days. Even if it was true that new demands were made not expressed or implied before, that was no justification for a sudden lock-out, which suddenly caused great inconvenience to the public. But the Union officials repudiate the Company's statement that all their demands were conceded. They rather declare categorically that "not a single demand was conceded by the Company" It appears that the negotiations between the Company and the Union turned on a consolidated demand that its detailed specific demands should be referred to voluntary arbitration, preferably by Mr. Justice Chagla, in case the Government of Bombay declined to appoint an adjudicator. But the Company, it appears, only promised to make an attempt "to prevail upon Government to appoint an adjudicator" but flatly declined to accept arbitration in the event of Government not appointing an adjudicator. This was anything but conceding all the demands of the Union. As regards the alleged new demand for wages for strike days, the Union Secretary pertinently points out: "It is true that in the Union's letter to the management, "hope" was expressed that pay of workmen on strike would not be deducted but this cannot be regarded as a fresh demand since it cannot legally be referred to the Adjudicator". In these circumstances the management of the Company by its precipitate arbitrary decision did a serious disservice to itself, to its numerous employees including the non-scheduled staff, who carried on their duties in spite of the strike of the scheduled staff, and finally to the Bombay public in general. In the present circumstances at least we do not see the slightest justification for a complete lock-out which must strike one as an unseemly, reckless challenge for a trial of strength. The resignation of the Company's Labour Officer, Mr. Anklekar, provided one more proof—if a proof were needed—to show that the Company wronged not only its own staff but also the public.

The legality of the decision was also open to doubt. Mr. Abid Ali Jaferbhai, President of the B. E. S. T. Workers' Union, had reason to wonder what action Government would take against the Company's lock-out without any notice, when even a ten-minute symbolic strike on Chimur Ashti Day was objected to by the Police. The readiness of the Company to pay wages for the lock-out days could not justify the absence of any notice as a notice is insisted on as much in the interests of the public as the staff involved. Government, we are glad to see, have intervened and as a result of agreement between them, the Company and the Union, the tramway and bus services have been resumed. Sanity has at last prevailed, but the manner in which the Company dealt with the public utility with it, shows that it is unfit to carry on this public utility and the earlier the Bombay Municipality completes the process of municipalising the electric tramway and bus services the better.

Deserved Censure

Seth Govind Das's adjournment motion to censure the Government of India for its failure to protect Indian interests in South Africa was passed without a division because, as Sir Hassan Suhrawardy observed, this was not a question of Hindu or Muslim but the self-respect of Indians was at stake. But the Commonwealth Relations Member himself plaintively confessed that, though adjournment motions might come and adjournment motions might go, the South African problem would remain as it was so long as India was not a free country. He was more confident last year when he threatened retaliatory measures. Though he has been disillusioned and admits as much, he clings to his office and only talks of crossing the floor some day if he fails in achieving anything. His latest announced achievement, however, is nothing more than a suggestion to send to South Africa one more delegation to explore the possibilities of an alternative settlement of the question raised by the proposed Freezing Bill. When that Bill becomes law, says Dr. Khare, "we shall be relegated to the ghettoes and the self-respect of our mother country will be badly assailed". What better can be expected if South Africa's successive assaults growing in severity, are met only by verbal protests and threats which in practice do not go beyond fresh representations and delegations? One cannot but wonder if the time will ever come when Dr. Khare will cross the floor.

Frankly Speaking

Release Them All

The debate on Pandit Govind Malaviya's resolution demanding the release of all men and officers of the I. N. A. showed that both Congress and League were united on the demand itself, though they stressed different reasons for it. We have not the least doubt the demand will be endorsed by the Assembly as it has been by the country as a whole. If Government cares for public opinion and the goodwill of Indians it must withdraw forthwith all the I.N.A. prosecutions and release Capt. Abdul Rashid, the life sentence against whom has been commuted by the Commander-in-Chief to one of seven years' rigorous imprisonment. Indeed, Government should go further and, as suggested by Pandit Govind Malaviya, release all political prisoners and detenus. Such a general release will be interpreted rather as a gesture of fairness than a sign of weakness. It will help to remove from the minds of millions the feeling of bitterness which is hindering cordial negotiations between India and Britain. It will not be long before our political prisoners are released even against the will of Britain. It will be a graceful and helpful gesture if they are released by the British Government voluntarily and immediately.

Good Beginning

Premier Hakimi had to resign because he was '*persona non grata*' to a Big Power which had to be placated. His successor Qavam-es-Sultaneh is lucky because, apart from his own good relations with the Soviet, Hakimi's departure has put Russia in a pleased mood. But that is not all. He has also been helped by the public hulabaloo raised at the UNO session in London. That embarrassed Russia and the withdrawal of Iran's representation to the Security Council was welcome to the Soviet Union. Consequently the Soviet Union has made a number of friendly gestures crowned by Generalissimo Stalin's message to the Iran Premier. A background has thus been created favourable to the settlement of the Iran-Soviet dispute by direct negotiation. It is an encouraging beginning. Let us hope that it ends well, too, in a settlement which does not prejudice Iran's territorial, political and economic interests and future.

Deadlock Over Greece

The Security Council is faced with a deadlock in connection with Anglo-Soviet controversy over Greece. It was not avoidable. In fact, it became inevitable by reason of the categorically conflicting stand which each of the two parties took. The Russian demand could not be shelved without any kind of pronouncement because Mr. Bevin has from the very beginning made it an issue of confidence in the honour and integrity of the British Government. It also could not be disposed of with a certificate to the British accompanied by a vote of thanks to them, the Russians and the Greeks because that would have meant a summary dismissal of the Soviet case and, therefore, a sort of no-confidence in the Russians. Obviously the only logical, reasonable and honourable solution is for the Security Council to "try" the case by appointing its own commission to investigate fully into the whole affair. That commission should, of course, be composed of strictly impartial and disinterested members.

Approaching Climax

According to Reuter, the secret Spanish broadcasting station "Radio Espana Independent" has urged Spanish peasants to organise underground cells and co-operate with industrial workers. This suggests preparations in anticipation of crisis and the call is timely, too. The situation is developing towards a climax with the arrival of the Pretender, Don Juan in Lisbon. At the moment Don Juan is having talks only with his monarchist followers. Contact may, however, be established later with General Franco. What is being worked for, in case Franco's own dictatorship becomes untenable, is a monarchist alternative to it. In either case reaction threatens to perpetuate its hold on republican Spain. The people are preparing to resist it and if they get the assistance from the "democratic" Powers which is due to the former and is now an urgent moral obligation of the latter it is possible to defeat both General Franco and Don Juan and enable the people of Spain to win back what they lost through betrayal by Big Powers.

Late Mr. Jehangir B. Petit

Mr. Jehangir B. Petit had for some years past been leading a retired life. His death, which will be widely regretted, will recall to many the fact that in the early years of this century he was one of the leading men in our city. Closely associated with the Municipal Corporation, the Indian Merchants' Chamber, the Millowners' Association and the Bombay Legislative Council, he made his influence felt in all their activities. From early life he had taken active part in the work of the Indian National Congress and was a great personal friend of Gokhale. He took deep interest in the plights of Indians overseas and was largely responsible for the establishment of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association. Mr. Petit was one of the Directors of the Indian Newspaper Company, Limited, which established the "Bombay Chronicle". Many years after he had severed connection with the "Bombay Chronicle", Mr. Petit started the "Indian Daily Mail" which had a few years' meteoric existence. Mr. Petit held progressive views and many an institution working for the benefit of the people received generous support from him. He took great interest in the spread of education and the Jehangir B. Petit High School for girls, one of the best institutions of its kind in the country, was the object of his devoted service to the cause of education among girls.

Our Readers' Views

W. I. F. A. Elections

The elections of the WIFA are at hand. It appears that Mr. N. G. Nadkarni, last year's President, is not seeking re-election. There are now two candidates in the field for this vacancy. One is Mr. J. C. Maitra, one of the oldest members of the Committee and a former Vice-President. And the other is Mr. F. Summersgill, who joined the Committee two or three years ago and became a Vice-President last year.

Everybody who knows anything about the birth and development of Indian football in Bombay would agree that Mr. Maitra fully deserves the honour on account of the unrivalled services rendered by him to this cause. A pioneer footballer himself, it was mainly due to his efforts that the famous Mohan Bagan and other prominent clubs from Calcutta came here to take part in the Rovers Cup more than twenty years ago, which not only helped to popularise the game in our city but strengthened the financial position of the Association to a great extent. It was also during his regime as Chairman of the Finance Committee that the WIFA was placed on a sound and solid footing.

It was Mr. Maitra again who established the Indian Football League at Parel, which are now conducting three or four tournaments in that part of the city quite successfully, despite the many handicaps set in its path by the parent organisation.

I have no doubt that if Mr. Maitra is elected, he would try his utmost to give greater impetus and support to Indian football and footballers. It is therefore the bounded duty of all the members, especially the Indians, to cast their votes in favour of Mr. Maitra and elect him by a triumphant majority.

Mr. Maitra's opponents are spreading the canard that he is against all Europeans. This is absolutely untrue, as it may be gauged from the fact that he has himself proposed and supported some Englishmen on the Committee. What he is fighting for is a democratic and impartial rule of the Association and the game. Therefore he deserves all help.

S. R. MASUREKAR.

Petrol Rationing

The letters which have recently been published in the newspapers criticising Government for not relaxing the petrol restrictions are indicative of the widespread feeling of resentment in the minds of motorists at the indifference shown by Government to the difficulties and hardships faced by them. In Poona and other places in the districts, military lorries are moving up and down the roads, often empty, but for the driver, as though the war is still on. Why not something be done to check such waste of petrol by the military drivers or cannot something be done to see that the movements of these lorries are so regulated as to ensure that the vehicles do not run empty and the errands are as few as possible? If some such thing is done it will enable a further saving in petrol consumption in India which can then be used for giving some relief to the civilians who have had a raw deal for the last five year. If the supply situation is as acute as is stated by Government nobody would advocate the cancellation of rationing but is there any harm in relaxing the restrictions in such a way as to restore at least the original basic ration given in 1941. Such a gesture will be timely and will go a long way towards removing the present discontent among motorists

A POONA MOTORIST.

M.L.A. JAILED FOR BREACH OF TRUST

LUCKNOW, Feb. 4. (A.P.I.): Mr. A. J. Fanthome, a lawyer and a recently elected member of the U. P. Legislative Assembly from the Anglo-Indian constituency, was today sentenced to two years R. I. and a fine of Rupees 1,000 or in default six months further imprisonment by Mr. B. D. Sanwal, a City Magistrate, under section 409 I. P. C. on two counts in respect of criminal breach of trust.

It was alleged that Sergeant L. S. Joseph entrusted a cheque for Rs. 14,768-7-1 to Mr. Fanthome as his counsel in the guardianship case of the three children of Sergeant H Joseph's brother, but the accus failed to render correct account the amount to Sergeant Joseph.

INDIAN STATES AND THEIR FUTURE

Let Princes Read Writing On The Wall

(By SHANKERRAO DEO, Member, Congress Working Committee)

On the eve of independence, the constitutional problem of India is bound to loom large on the political horizon, especially in relation to the future of Indian States as also in relation to the Muslim League demand for division of India into two sovereign States. Of the many hurdles to our cherished goal of complete independence, the Princes and the Rulers of the Indian States promise to be the last and the greatest one. The Congress has surmounted or by-passed many such hurdles before. The time has come when the Congress will have to formulate its definite attitude towards the difficult problem of the relation of the Indian States and the Government of Free India, which it is felt, is soon coming into existence. Recently the Indian Princely order has been repeatedly warned to be prepared for revolutionary changes in the near future.

It is, therefore, in the fitness of things that the Chamber of Princes has deemed it necessary to make a declaration in this behalf through its Chancellor, the Nawab of Bhopal at the meeting held in Delhi in the last month. The declaration pertains to three important points with regard to the problem of Indian States. Firstly, a promise of immediate replacement of the autocratic administration by the rule of law; secondly, the gradual association of the States' people with the administration through legislative institutions; and thirdly, the desire of the Rulers of the Indian States to continue their present relations with the Crown with slight modifications.

I welcome the declaration of the Indian Princes knowing full well the cautious and halting nature of the promise of reforms in the administration. It seems that the lesson of our last struggle with British imperialism and the prospect of revolutionary changes in the near future has not been lost upon the Indian Princes. The recent declaration is a sign of the growing consciousness of the spirit of the changing times.

The announcement with regard to the immediate establishment of the rule of law and the grant of fundamental rights to the people is a little refreshing as it comes from the feudal Princely order accustomed to treat their people as mere chattel and to wield autocratic powers. The declaration by the Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes is, in the legal sense, in no way binding upon the individual rulers, I am not, therefore, prepared to attach much importance to the declaration unless and until the Rulers boldly begin to introduce reforms in their States and establish rule of law. For the sincerity of their declaration can only be judged by its implementation. The States people, however, should not wait till the Princes take initiative in the matter. The people, through their representative organizations, should launch an intensive movement to secure the benefits of this declaration and get removed all the present restrictions on their civil liberties. The Rulers have to be compelled, if necessary through peaceful and legitimate methods, to implement their pious professions of an earnest desire to establish the rule of law in their States.

Sovereignty Of The People

I do appreciate the slight change of attitude for the better among the Indian Princes towards the political demands of their people. Yet the Princes must clearly realise that in the matter of political reform they have left the fundamental problem of the Indian States untouched. Referring to constitutional reform the Nawab of Bhopal solemnly announced that 'there shall be popular institutions with elected majorities' to ensure close and effective association of the people with the governance of the States.' When the Indian people including the people of the States have rightly pitched their demand so high as to ask for the right to frame the constitution of Free India, is it not a great anachronism to promise States people only gradual association with the administration? The people can never be satisfied with mere 'association'; they want full responsible government. The Princes in their hopeless effort to preserve the feudal system are still clinging to the idea of inherent sovereignty residing in themselves. But they have not realized that the awakened people of the Indian States will not and cannot accept this claim of their Rulers and that in the changed conditions of to-day it is ultimately the people themselves who should be the repository of sovereign powers in a State. The States people will totally reject the principle underlying the assurance given in the British Parliament on behalf of His Majesty's Government and repeated by His Excellency the Viceroy, to which the Nawab of Bhopal made a grateful reference in his speech, that "the decision as to the constitution best suited to the needs of his people and his State rests with the Ruler himself to take." The State can no longer be treated as private property of the Rulers. The Rulers must accept the right of the States peoples to decide what kind of Government they should have. The Princes, in my opinion, are committing a grievous blunder in gracelessly delaying the acceptance of this most democratic and universally recognized principle.

If this principle is conceded, the decision as to the future of Indian States must ultimately rest, not with the Rulers but with the people of the States. In the matter of proposals of merging smaller States into neighbouring British Indian provinces or bigger States the people can never be looked upon as mere cattle to be exchanged or otherwise disposed of at the sweet will of the Ruler or the Political Department of the Government of India; the will of the people must be consulted and acted upon. Even with regard to the larger problem of the position of the States or groups of States in the constitution of Free India, the predominant and ultimate arbiter must be the people of those various States.

No Reference To Independence

So long as the Indian Princes are not inclined to accept this fundamental right of the people, they will always fail in their attempts to solve their internal problems as well as the larger political problem of India. The declaration contains vague expressions of patriotic sentiments. But it affirms, as on previous occasions that sovereignty resides in the Rulers and, therefore, the decisions as to the constitutional reforms within the larger picture of Indian polity ultimately rests with them and them alone. The insistent affirmation and expressions of gratitude of the Nawab of Bhopal to the British Parliament and His Excellency the Viceroy for the assurance given to the Princes with regard to their connexion with the British Government and treaty rights are of grave significance. The Nawab of Bhopal declared in his speech that the Princes want to 'make the fullest contribution to any attempt to settle India's constitutional problem on a just and reasonable basis.' He further said that 'the States want to play their full part in the India of the future.' The Maharaja of Bikaner seconding the declaration waxed more eloquent and denied the charge that the Princes were 'less interested in the freedom and greatness of India than their brethren across the borders.' 'We, the Princes,' he said, 'are no less patriotic than others and we no less than others recognize the obligation that every son of the Motherland has in working towards the achievement of her destiny.' All very fine and patriotic sentiments! But it should be noted that both the speeches have studiously avoided any clear reference to the independence of India and the inevitable severence of connexion with the British Government. On the contrary the Nawab of Bhopal said that 'the character and extent of the contribution (to the settlement of the Indian constitutional problem) it is not yet possible for us to specify, for we have no idea of what the final picture is to be."

Crux Of The Problem

Therein lies the crux of the whole problem. No one in India has as yet any exact idea of the final picture of the constitution of Free India. But one thing is quite clear. All the political parties in British India are agreed on one point, namely, the demand of complete independence of India. It is only the Indian Princes who have not as yet taken courage in both their hands and declared that they want to sever their connexion with the British with a view to make the Indian States autonomous units in the free and federated India of to-morrow. They still want to hug the chains which have made them slaves to the Paramount Power in England. A deputation on behalf of the Chamber of Princes waited on Lord Wavell, the 'Crown Representative' in India, in September last year and told him categorically that the Princes would resist any unilateral changes in their treaties with the British Crown. Thus it seems that the Indian Princes, like the Muslim League, are going to exercise veto against the demand of the Indian people for complete freedom from foreign domination.

But this is not an unexpected development. The Nehru Committee clearly visualized it as early as 1928. The reliance of the Princes, the report said, on the Paramount Power for military protection on the basis of the contract contained in the Treaty Rights would be an effective barrier now and forever against the progress of British India towards Dominion Status. The Cripps declaration, however, contained a provision for the revision of Treaty arrangements with a State, whether federated or unfederated, if it was deemed necessary at the time of the formation of the Indian Federation. That was certainly significant of the attitude of the British Government towards the Indian demand in view of the then impending crisis. But the recent assurances to the contrary to the Princes from His Majesty's Government and the Viceroy have raised doubts in the minds of the people about the intentions of both the Paramount Power and the Princes.

It is high time that the Princes realized that there is nothing sacrosanct about the treaties made by their forefathers or by themselves with either the East India Company or the British Government during the course of the last hundred and fifty years. These treaties are of no consideration in the context of modern times and of the growing national consciousness to be free from any foreign domination. The Sapru Committee in its recently published report has emphasised this same point. 'The important thing that we should stress here is that the Union of India of the future shall be a single State comprising both federated units whether provinces or Indian States—and unfederated Indian States, and that no foreign power shall be entitled to exercise any kind of jurisdiction over the Union or over any of the federated units or unfederated States comprised in it.' Therefore, the Princes must make up their minds and be prepared to scrap the Treaties with the Crown when the necessity arises. They will have to accept new conventions and to enter into new treaties with the Government of Free India whatever might be its character and constitution. There may be room for difference of opinion on the question of the kind of Union or Federation that the various British Indian Provinces and the States would propose to have. The constitutional problem need not be a stumbling block, if the will to get rid of the British connexion is dominant in the minds of those who would put their heads together for the purpose. Of the four alternatives suggested by the Sapru Committee, the best would be the formation of an All-India Union of autonomous British Indian Provinces and big States. The smaller States would, of course, have to be grouped together suitably to form a constituent unit of the Union or be merged in the Indian Provinces, if the people so desire. The Rulers will continue to be the heads of their respective States, provided they agree to grant full responsible government with elected legislative assemblies to their people. For, as mentioned above, the sovereign powers in a State must ultimately reside in the people who are governed.

I hope the Princely order will not fail to read the writing on the wall and act in time with grace. For, then, they will certainly have a place in the India of the future. Otherwise, the world is moving so very fast that the people, striving for freedom, can think in no other way except in terms of revolutionary changes.

WILL SOVIET BE OUT-VOTED ON GREEK ISSUE?

(Continued from Page 1)

of international protection for "displaced persons."

Banging the table to attract attention, the Soviet delegate, M. Arutinian, jumped up to declare that the debate was being handled in such a way as to exert pressure on the Soviet Union to withdraw its proposals.

Mr. Fraser demanded a vote of confidence, which he obtained.

NEXT SESSION.

The United Nations General Assembly will meet in the United States on September 3 according to the recommendation of the U.N.O. General Committee as circumstances now make it impossible for the second part of the Assembly's first regular session to be held mabut April 25 as was contemplated.

On Russia's suggestion another meeting of the General Committee will be held to-morrow to decide whether the American session would be part of the present meeting or an entirely fresh meeting of the General Assembly.

The United Nations Trusteeship Committee last night unanimously recommended to the General Assembly the postponement of the establishment of the Trusteeship Council "because before the Trusteeship Council can be established, trusteeship agreements must be concluded."

The Trusteeship Council is a successor to the League of Nations Mandates Commission as the new international guardian of mandated and other dependent territories.

Various suggestions made in the form of amendments setting out to define "states directly concerned," which should be consulted in decisions affecting the future of mandated territories were withdrawn without prejudice to their sponsors raising the matters again.

The Trusteeship Committee had before it a report of a sub-committee, which recommends the General Assembly to draw attention to the provisions of the Charter which underlines the principle that Mandatory Powers should recognise that the interests of the inhabitants of such dependents territories are paramount.

ARMED FORCE.

The first steps toward providing the United Nations with armed forces with which to maintain peace were taken when the Military Staffs Committee met yesterday and appointed British Admiral Sir Henry Moore as its chairman.

PLEA OF SYRIA AND LEBANON.

The Syrian and the Lebanese Legations have addressed a letter to the Security Council of the U.N.O. requesting it to adopt a decision recommending total and simultaneous evacuation of British and French troops from Syria and the Lebanon.

SOUTH AFRICA STANDS OUT.

LONDON, Feb. 5. (A.P.A.): The Economic and Social Committee of the United Nations Assembly yesterday unanimously approved a resolution regretting that a Trusteeship Council for control of mandated territories was not formed during the Assembly's first session.

The resolution emphasised the urgency of the trusteeship situation and said that members of the United Nations, by signing the Charter, recognized "the problems of the non self-governing peoples as of vital concern to the peace and general welfare of the world community."

Britain, Australia, New Zealand, Belgium and France have announced their willingness to place their Mandates under United Nations trusteeship.

South Africa has raised objections.

EGYPT TO SPEAK FOR ARAB COUNTRIES.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5. (A.P.A.): Sumner Welles, former United States Under-Secretary of State, said to-day that Egypt would speak for the countries of the Arab Union in the United Nations.

He declared: "We must hope that the influence which the Egyptian Government exercises will be utilised in such a way as to promote, rather than retard, the solution of those critical problems in the near east."

Welles said the postponement of Near East difficulties "cannot be tolerated if a sound peace is to be established."

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"To say that it led to a situation unparalleled in the city's history is drawing mild. Not in the worst outburst of rioting, not even in the nightmare days of the dock explosions, was the public left so utterly in the lurch."

—"Evening News of India" on "Bus-Tram Service Deadlock".

★ ★ ★

The B. E. S. T. Company, which has itself gone on strike this time, "feels", by way of explanation, "that a halt must be called to the ever-growing and extravagant demands which have been made and which are being made on the company by its employees who are already exceptionally well paid and generously treated."

Er—er—what profits has the poor harassed company been earning these years?

★ ★ ★

By the way, what is the D. I. R. rule about a Public Utility company suddenly striking work?

None? We think you are quite right.

★ ★ ★

The Secretary of State and the Governor-General are agreed that there need be no inquiry into the recent shooting incidents at Bombay, Calcutta and elsewhere because, as Mr. Henderson emphasised, "the disturbances were, in all cases, dealt with by the police and the military were not called in."

You must agree, mustn't you, that no inquiry is needed into the shooting by the police—57 dead, 700 injured—because they didn't call in the military.

★ ★ ★

We are thrilled to know that the pride of our Indian Navy, the great warship "Sutlej" (a sloop) is leaving Bombay for service in China and Japan.

Incidentally, however, we learn that "the crew (not officers) is entirely Indian, a spirited crowd more than one member of which has been known to greet his fellow-countryman with a familiar Indian greeting...."

Not, we hope, "Jai Hind!"?

★ ★ ★

We learn that the rivalry between Sir Ghulam Husain and Khan Bahadur Khuhro has ended and that the former would be formally elected leader of the Sind Muslim League Assembly Party today.

We shouldn't be surprised. Probably they feel that Sir Ghulam would be much safer, if leader.

★ ★ ★

From the same (Anglo-Indian) source we learn that, despite Mr. M. A. Jinnah's and Prince Liaquat Ali Khan's formal disclaimers, "local leaders (in Sind) are terribly keen on forming a Ministry."

Trust Sir Ghulam, K. B. Khuhro and Mister Gazdar to be terribly so.

★ ★ ★

Prince Liaquat Ali Khan addressed a League meeting at Bombay and told Nationalist Muslims that they should not forget the lesson of Spain from where the Muslims were completely eliminated.

If you don't understand what the learned Prince, in his unique scholarliness, was talking about, perhaps it is your own fault.

★ ★ ★

Contesting Srijut Sarat Bose's charges Comrade M. N. Roy says: "The Indian Federation of Labour accepted a grant from Government for enlarging the scope of its propaganda among labour during the war."

We hope Comrade Jamnadas M. Mehta and Comrade Ambedkar do not let down Comrade Roy as they usually do.

Two Indonesians Shot By Dutch Guard

BATAVIA, Feb. 5. (Reuter): Two Indonesians were shot by Dutch sailors in Batavia on Saturday morning while they were attempting to evade capture, says an official statement from the Netherlands Navy Information Service.

81 P. C. Of Dutch Vote For Indonesian Independence

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 5. (Reuter): A Reuter report says that 81 per cent of the Dutch people want a new type of relationship with the Netherlands East Indies, according to the report of a public opinion test organised by the Dutch magazine "Es.er Weekly".

Seventy per cent of the people questioned, voted that "Indonesian independence should be considerably increased"

Eleven per cent voted for independence for the East Indies and 17 per cent for the continuance of pre-war relationships.

Patil Criticises Hasty Step Of B. E. S. T. Management

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. S. K. Patil, Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee interviewed by a representative of the "Chronicle" with regard to the closure of the bus and tram services by the B.E.S.T. Company, stated that the Company had caused great inconvenience to the public by coming to such an abrupt decision.

The decision to close the Company's traffic services had been arrived at, at a time when negotiations between the Scheduled Employees' Union and the B.E.S.T. authorities were well under way and almost nearing a settlement. The B.E.S.T. should have carried on the stopgap arrangements for a day or two more while a final settlement was reached, said Mr. Patil.

Asked whether it was possible within the terms of the contract between the Bombay Municipality and the B.E.S.T., to obtain a writ of mandamus from the High Court, Mr. Patil said:—"that is a problem for legal experts".

Congress Not To Join Srivastava Mission

Asaf Ali Says, If It Was Britain's Responsibility To Defend India, Let Her Feed India Now

NEW DELHI, February 5. (U.P.I.): Sir J. P. Srivastava, Food Member, Government of India, announced in the Central Assembly to-day that he would be leading a delegation to the United Kingdom to put India's position before the Combined Food Board. The delegation would consist of representatives of the Government of Madras, Bombay, Mysore and two or three elected members of the Central Assembly, if the principal parties agreed.

MISSION MEMBERS

An A.P.A. message from Madras says:

According to the latest inquiries the Government of India Food Delegation will leave Karachi on February 11. It will be headed by Sir Jwalaprasad Srivastava and consist of the following members:

Sir S. V. Ramamurthy; Sir H. F. Knight of Bombay and Mr. Madhava Rao of Mysore.

It is understood that Mr. Madhava Rao is accompanying the delegation for the express purpose of procuring foodgrains for Mysore State, which is a deficit area.

RATIONED STUFF WAS UNFIT FOR CATTLE

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5. (A.P.I.): The Assembly to-day concluded the debate on the food situation.

Mr. Venkatasubba Reddiar (Congress) continuing his speech made a number of complaints about the present policy of fixing prices of cereals, about inattention to the clearing of irrigation channels and about the refusal to license retail dealers in villages.

Mr. M. M. Killedar (League) said that the Australian wheat now supplied in Bombay was of poor quality.

In 1944 Government released stocks of bar wheat for public consumption but it was later withdrawn and released as cattle feed. Similarly stocks of imported skimmed milk powder were found to be of bad quality and now Government had released it for feeding cattle.

Mr. Killedar said that the milk powder was of such poor quality that cattle-owners were not prepared to feed the animals with it.

HARNESS ARMY.

Mr. E. L. C. Gwilt (European Group) suggested the mobilisation of every appropriate unit of the Army as an emergency organisation, to provide transport and distribution facilities not only for food, but also for medical supplies and clothing, and that the Quarter-Master-General's branch should work in close collaboration with the Food Department.

Sir Jwalaprasad Srivastava, Food Member, winding up the debate, entirely agreed with the Leader of the Opposition that in dealing with a matter like this the Government should be identified with the people.

NO RESERVES.

Referring to the question of building up reserves, the Food Member said in spite of Government's best efforts, whatever was received from abroad during the last year was sufficient only for current consumption. But, even if a reserve of half a million tons was built up, that would not have seen the country through a calamity of this kind.

It might have been of some help but would not have been enough to meet a shortage of three millions tons, which was the figure the Government were working on for the year 1946.

DELEGATION TO U. K. AND U. S.

After announcing his proposal to take a delegation to London and Washington to press India's case for more foodgrains, the Food Member said: "I have decided to go because I feel that so much depends on this that if we can get sufficient stuff, then I am sure we can ward off the disaster."

Detailing measures he proposed to take within the country to meet the situation, the Food Member said however distasteful a cut in rations might be, it must be realised that unless our resources were conserved, we could not be in a position to fight the demon of starvation two months hence. Government, however, would not make a cut unless compelled by circumstances, and any reduction made would be on All-India basis and would include the Punjab, Sind and other provinces.

CENTRE MOVES.

"I do not apprehend that famine conditions will set in the near future. But there is the risk and we must be prepared from now, if we are to save the country. With this object, we have set up in the Centre a Co-ordination Committee of Secretaries of Departments which may be called upon to deal with famine conditions." He would himself preside over the Committee and it would meet regularly once a week. He also proposed to set up a Co-ordination Board of the affected areas. He hoped that this Board, which would be given a high-powered Executive Officer, would be able to co-ordinate and correlate the activities of the different Provinces affected by famine.

The Food Member further proposed to call together a conference of Party leaders in the Assembly from time to time and keep them posted with the situation as it developed.

Government had taken up with Provinces like the Punjab and Sind the question of monopoly procurement. These Provinces had so far resisted its adoption on grounds which were peculiar to them, but and Sir Jwalaprasad food was not the property of any one Province it was an all-India property and he thought the time had come when these Provinces should fall in line with the rest of the country.

(Mr. Griffiths: It is at least two years overdue. Other members: Pass an Ordinance).

Sir Jwalaprasad said: "There must be some kind of compulsion in the matter of procurement and we have taken up the matter with the Governments concerned. I hope when the new crop comes in we shall see some kind of monopoly procurement in these Provinces".

The Food Member said that the military had been mobilised and kept ready, so that they might be there to help the Government if necessary, as during the famine in Bengal.

Replying to interruptions, he said: "We are not utilising the military at this stage. I hope and pray the necessity will not arise."

These were some of the steps proposed, but he realised that in fighting a menace of this kind he wanted —any Government would want—the support of the people (A voice: You can't get it). (Mr. Gadgil: Not support but substitution).

Sir Jwalaprasad: I am prepared to be substituted tomorrow. The subject matter is too serious to be treated lightly. It is not a political matter at all. There is no room for wranglings of any kind. I feel every man, woman and child ought to unite in saving our country from starvation. (Hear, hear).

"I wish a National Government had been here. If it is so late in coming it is not my fault. In June last I remember I was jubilant that I would be able to hand over my Department to my successor in a satisfactory state and I was sure that my successor would has blessed me for what I had done. There was no shortage anywhere, and I would have made over my charge with a much clearer conscience, but in a country like India, food is dependent on so many factors that one cannot be sure what is in store for us."

Sardar Sampuran Singh (Akali) disputed the Food Secretary's statement that during the war the price of agricultural produce went up by three to four times and consequently producers sold lesser quantities to meet their other necessities.

TALL TALK DURING WAR

Mr. Asaf Ali said that the primary responsibility for the supply of food to the people was that of the Government, whether it was the present Government or any other Government in its place. But some other Government which was sitting 6,000 miles away was supposed to look after India's food requirements. Under those circumstances, it was no use the Government of India asking the Opposition to associate itself with them.

"When the war broke out", Mr 'When the war broke out', Mr. Asaf Ali said, 'it was said, it was their (British Government's) responsibility to defend India. In defending India they have reduced us to this misery. Now I ask them to find us the necessary food. Thirty-five lakhs of people died. Whose responsibility is this? Who created this condition? If you go to the Combined Food Board, the Board will say they know somebody else—H.M.G.—and not you, and H.M.G. is not saying the same thing which you are saying. You will cut no ice there. If H.M.G. says they cannot succeed then they must clear out of this country.'

Lord Linlithgow, Mr. Asaf Ali proceeded, came to this country as an agricultural expert. He toured for two years and produced a bulky report. Then he came out here as the Viceroy and, Mr. Asaf Ali asked, what was the situation when he left the country after a stay of seven and half years? According to the Agricultural Commission's report one-third of the available land for agriculture was fallow. What had the Government done to bring it under cultivation and produce more food?

LET BRITAIN SUPPLY FOOD

Pointing to the Food Member on the Treasury Bench Mr. Asaf Ali said: You should not have taken charge. Even now your duty is to resign and ask the British to produce the food. In so far as the question of delegation is concerned we are not going to associate with it. Let them carry their own burden. But if the Government wished to do something in this country, let us know what those proposals are. Have they put forward any proposals whatsoever? What is needed is an urgent conference of representatives of producers and consumers. It is not a case of asking the representatives of this or that Government to participate in it. Why should they not call ex-Premiers?

Mr. B. R. Sen, Food Secretary, explained the set up of the Combined Food Board. The proposed delegation would place India's case before the Board and he thought that one could legitimately expect the House to support such a delegation. It had been argued that the present administration was responsible for the difficult situation but as the Food Member had pointed out it was now the duty of everyone to help in the common endeavour to ease the situation. The policy of the Government of India was to distribute food equitably all over India, whether they were surplus areas or deficit provinces.

The House adopted the motion with a number of amendments.

Teheran Bows To Inevitable

Persian Premier To Recognise Autonomy Of Azerbaijan

TEHERAN, Feb. 5. (Reuter): M. Ghavam Sultaneh, the Persian Prime Minister is prepared to recognise as "fait accompli" the autonomy of the northern Persian province of Azerbaijan within the frame of the Persian constitution and to accept Azerbaijan delegates for the "Majlis" (Persian Parliament), Reuter learned from competent quarters here.

Baroda Makes 227 For Nine Wickets

BARODA, Feb. 5. (A. P. I.): In the Ranji Trophy match between Baroda and Kathiawad, Baroda in their second innings had made 227 runs for the loss of nine wickets.

Kathiawar in their second innings had made 104 for eight wickets when stumps were drawn for the day.

INDIA FACED WITH FAMINE OUTLOOK

World Wheat Requirements Till June Fall Five Million Tons Short

LONDON, Feb. 5. (Reuter): Amid the worldwide shortage of cereals, India is faced with the prospect of a famine—this announcement was made to the House of Commons to-night by Sir Ben Smith, Food Minister.

Giving notice of impending cuts in British bread supplies and complete cessation of British rice imports, Sir Ben drew the stark picture of a year of bad harvests —causing an international food shortage which has overnight become a subject of urgent talks at the highest level between the "Big Five".

Meeting of the leading Big Five U.N.O. delegates was held in London this morning to discuss the crisis, and the British delegation is stated to be seriously considering bringing an emergency resolution before the General Assembly to call for concerted action.

CHRISTMAS BRINGS REALISATION

Describing Britain's proposed cuts as her contribution to "the global war against hunger" Sir Ben said that the critical nature of the world's food situation was not known until shortly before Christmas.

"The position was made worse by a series of droughts during 1944-45 and these reduced the harvest of Australian and Argentina.

North Africa has suffered a similar disaster: 1945-46 harvest in South Africa has been seriously reduced by droughts, and reports from India within the last few weeks of failure of rain and other disasters make it clear that that country will be faced with the prospect of a famine".

Sir Ben said that when he discussed the whole problem in Washington shortly after Christmas, it was estimated that wheat requirements of importing countries during the first six months of this year would amount to a little over seventeen million tons.

Exportable supplies amounted to only twelve million tons and since then, developments in India, South Africa and elsewhere had not only increased the requirements but further lessened the supplies.

All importing countries would have to make heavy sacrifices. "Britain had taken the lead in accepting a reduction of nearly a quarter million tons in United Kingdom wheat imports from the first half of 1946.

The world position with regard to rice supplies is no less serious and is indeed a contributory factor to wheat shortage, since countries which cannot secure rice turn to wheat or flour as a substitute".

They had found themselves in Washington with a world rice shortage of two million tons, a shortage seriously aggravated by the collapse of Japan.

Britain, though unable to make a major contribution to the rice problem, because her normal rice requirements were small, would issue no rice to the civil population until world supplies could meet essential needs and would entirely cease rice importation.

For Britain, the wheat shortage might mean a return to the darker wartime loaf and—with a reduction in available cattle food—less bacon, poultry and eggs than had been hoped.

The British Government was closely in touch with the United States, Canada and Australia with the object of increasing exports from these countries to importing countries.

It is now thought in London that the United Nations may be asked to set up a special international agency to organise improved conservation, production and dsitribution of world grain and feeding stuffs.

HAPUR MARKET

HAPUR, February 5.

Wheat Control Rate 10/4; Actual 13/8; Stock 134; Khattis wheat exported to rationed towns Peas 10/; Old 8/8; Maize 10/5; Bajra 10/5; Food Grains price rising rapidly Arhar 9/4; Old 8/12; Urad 14/3/6; Moong 11/7; Stocks Peas 7; Arhar 10; Khatis Gur 9/12; Jaggerypowder 11/4; Gur arrivals increasing daily. Guwar Ready 8/3; Maha 8/1/9; Baisakh 7/13; Bardana md. 56/; dn. 60/8; Chet 53/8; Asuj 52/4; Silver Ready 144/6; Future 144/1; Gold Ready 92/6; Future 92/; Future 92/1; Futures improved, sharply last future silver touched 144/6.

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, February 5.

Cocoanuts Raw 145; Dry 130; Cocoanut Oil 535; Copra Office 345; Dilpasand 340; Madras Nottam 390; Goodgooda 330; Pepper Wynaad 385; Chernad 352/8; Ernad 335; Coffee Robusta 85.

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. Four Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 5th February Total amount offered was Rs. 3,32,50,000—Tenders at Rs. 99-14-3 were accepted in full. Total amount accepted was Rs. 3,32,50,000 (Rupees Three crores thirty two lakhs fifty thousand only), the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-7-0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Four Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday the 12th February in Bombay upto 11 a.m. and upto the close of business on Monday the 11th February at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Thursday the 14th February. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 1st February Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,80,00,000—were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Indore Shares

INDORE CITY, Feb. 5.

Closing of quotations:—Indore Malwa 742, Hukamachand 919, Bhandari Mill 966, Vinod Mill 710, Kalyanmal 358, Kalyanmal Pre. 191, Rajkumar 255, Indore Bank 82.

Ahmedabad Share Market

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 5.

Closing quotations:—Calico 1412, Arvind 1441, Ambica 476, Tata Defd. 2659, Jupitor 352, Marsden 190, Monogram 159, Ahmedabad Cotton 475, Aryodaya Spinning 375, Ashoka 620, Anant 31/3, Old Commercial 535, Gujrat Cotton 41, Morris 115, Sayaji 275, New National 436/4, Raipur 1725, Rohit 353/12, Sarangpur Cotton 1465.

Light On Joga Singh Affair

Burhanuddin Denies Murder Charge

Joining I. N. A. Justified: Loyalty To Country

DELHI CANT., Feb. 5. (A.P.I.): Captain Burhanuddin in his statement before the I.N.A. Court Martial to-day said that in joining the I.N.A. he acted in pursuance of his duty to his country and he was not conscious of having done any dishonourable thing.

Captain Burhanuddin spoke in a firm tone and took twenty minutes to finish his written speech in English.

TEXT OF STATEMENT

He said:—"I respectfully submit that I am advised as a matter of law that after having been surrendered to the Japanese I was within my rights to join the Indian National Army, and I owe allegiance to the Provisional Government of Free India and in that I committed no crime".

At the outset Captain Burhanuddin said: "I had at first no desire to defend myself not because I confessed guilty to the charges, but because I strongly felt that my conduct had been throughout honourable and above reproach, judged from all points of view. But on second thought, I realised that I owe a duty to my country and to my comrades to explain to them that the charges levelled against me are groundless, and that my conduct has always been in keeping with the aims and objects of the I.N.A. of which it has been my privilege to be a soldier".

He continued: "Ever since my school days, I have had service to God as my motto. By service to God I mean service to humanity and in service to humanity, I include service to my country. I consider it as a universal principle governing human conduct that the maximum good of the greatest number should be the primary consideration of everyone who is placed in a position of authority".

QUESTION OF LOYALTY.

"Applying these principles to my conduct, I placed service to my country and to my countrymen above my allegiance to rulers and Kings. I would say that if my loyalty to my country was concurrent with my loyalty to the King, I would be loyal to the King. But if an occasion arose that loyalty to my country was of greater necessity I would without hesitation place it above loyalty to the King. This, in fact, has always been my firm conviction and the nature of the Commission I held in the Indian Army left no room for any other loyalty. As an Indian Commissioned Officer I hold a sacred duty to serve the Indian people above every other consideration of private safety or worldly gain. At the Indian Military Academy we had for our motto, the following inscription which was a fixed in letters of gold inside the Chetwode Hall:—

"The honour and welfare of your country comes first, always and every time. The honour and welfare of your men comes next. Your own comfort and ease comes last always and every time".

Capt. Burhanuddin said: "In March, 1942, I was taken to Mohan Singh's Headquarters at Mount Pleasant and it was there I first came to know about the intended formation of the I.N.A. for the freedom of India. I was terribly worried about the fate of my countrymen ever since the surrender and my worries and anxieties had grown greater and greater with the cheap mounting victories of the Japanese. I spent sleepless nights and the more I thought of the future of my country, the darker it looked and the more despondent I became.

"Thus the question before me was not divided loyalties or interests, but how best I, as an Officer could do my duty in the best interests of my country and its people. The question was not to choose between the King and the country, but to choose between "to be or not to be."

JOINING I.N.A.

Captain Burhadnuddin added:—"I do justify my joining the I.N.A. which I think was the most honouravle thing which an Indian could do. We would have been more useful to our country by being in India than we would have been if we were kept as captives in the far flung islands of the Pacific doing fatigues for the Japanese. I felt that if the Japanese wished to exploit Indians, they could do so more effectively by organising a small body of say hundred men and call it the I.N.A. Such an organisation would have definitely been in the interests of the Japanese, but would have been disastrous for India. The only way of frustrating any such designs on the part of the Japanese was to organise a strong I.N.A. that would, in time of crisis, stand up against them and say: "Thus far and no further, and would rather lay down its lives than see its country in the clutches of a ruthless and immoral enemy. Thinking on these lines, I came to the conclusion that the only way that I could serve my country effectively was to join and help in organising a strong I.N.A. that would protect Indian nationals and safeguard Indian interest. It was, therefore, not only a question of liberating India, but of immediately protecting Indian lives and property in the Far East and if need be, later in India".

DENIAL OF CHARGE.

Continuing Captain Burhanuddin said: "I entirely deny the charge about the murder of Joga Singh. The prosecution version is entirely incorrect and misleading. Bahadur Group was stationed at Myang near Rangoon. I took particular care to see that good discipline was observed among the ranks.

"Some men chafed at this and were inclined to misbehave. Some of them became absent from duty repeatedly without leave, committed thefts in the town and in some cases molested women. This brought Indians as a whole, and particularly Bahadur group, into disgrace Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose ordered me to take strong measures to maintain discipline in the I.N.A."

GROSS EXAGGERATION

Captain Burhanuddin said: 'Joga Singh who is mentioned in the charge was not a good soldier. He had gone away without leave twice. I had received a complaint that he had entered the house of an Indian civilian and molested his daughter. I thought in the interests of the I. N. A. some public punishment should be meted out to him and four deserters to set an example for others. Some officers suggested to me that the offence was serious and should be punished with shooting, but I revolted at this suggestion, but thought that public admonition and some caning would be sufficient and effective punishment. 'I had taken particular care that the caning should not be severe and should be merely on the buttocks. The sticks which were selected were thin green flexible branches. I asked each of the 30 men present at the parade to give one stroke to the deserters. The allegation that 120 men gave 10 strokes each to Joga Singh or that he died of the punishment is absurd. The whole of the episode took about an hour and was carried out with military decorum and care in the interest of discipline and conduct. It has now been grossly exaggerated by men who were bad soldiers.'

Concluding he said: 'I submit that I am wholly innocent and I have acted with utmost honesty and in good faith and that I am not guilty of murder or of any other offence.'

PAN-WHITE DRIVE EXTENDS TO EAST AFRICA

(Continued from Page 1.)

blishment of Pakistan? If not, why not?

Sir Edward: I am unable to make any statement.

Replying to Sardar Mangal Singh (Akali Party) Sir Edward stated he was unable to say at this stage whether an opportunity would be given to the Central Assembly to discuss the plans for setting up the Constitution-making Body. Nor could he reply to the question whether it was proposed to give the House due representation on the body.

Sir Edward said that material which was likely to be of assustance to the Constitution-making Body was being collected by the Reforms Secretariat which had recently been strengthened by the appointment of Sir B. N. Rau as an officer on special duty.

GOVT. SHOULD QUIT

Seth Govind Das (Congress): Is the Leader of the House aware of the intense desire of the Indian public in general and this House in particular that, for true and free constitutional reforms in India, the Leader of the House and the Government he represents should immediately quit India? If so, what date has been fixed by him and his Government for quitting this country?

Sir Edward in a written answer said: With reference to the first part of the question, I have heard such views expressed by unappreciative persons. As regards the second part, if the plan which His Majesty's Government and the Governor-General have in mind for the reconstruction of the Executive Council is fulfilled my colleagues and I will be only too happy to make way for the New Government.

FORFEITURE OF DEPOSITS

Replying to Sardar Mangal Singh, the Law Member, Sir Asoka Roy, said that 50 candidates, including four sitting members, forfeited their deposits during the last general elections to the Central Assembly. Twenty of them were believed to be Hindu Mahasabhaites, twenty Independents, seven Nationalist Muslims and three Congressmen.

Mr. Sri Prakasa: May I know what the Government does with this forfeited money, (laughter) under what head is it credited in Government's account?

Sir Asoka Roy: I presume it goes into the general revenues of Government.

BURMA RICE

Replying to a short notice question by Mr. Satyanarain Sinha (Congress), Mr. B. R. Sen, Food Secretary, said that Burma rice started arriving in India from November 29, 1945. So far about 75,000 tons had been imported. All exports had been made by the Civil Affairs Department, Burma, and imports into India by the Central Government. The price which India would pay for the rice was still under negotiation with His Majesty's Government but meanwhile Burma rice was being sold in this country at the price in force in the areas to which it was being sent.

CONTROLS

The Leader of the House informed Pandit Bhargava that existing controls were for the most part operated on the authority of legislation enacted at the centre by virtue of section 102 of the Constitution Act. Under the operation of sub-section four of that section, such legislation would cease to have effect six months after the revocation of the proclamation of emergency. It was the intention of the Governor-General to revoke the proclamation on April 1, 1946, and Government hoped to be in a position to make an early announcement in regard to the future treatment of controls. Their intention was to maintain controls of a few essential commodities including foodstuffs and textiles in some form.

END OF HOSTILITIES

Sir Edward in reply to Mr. Manu Subedar stated that there was no question of undue delay in declaring the date of the formal cessation of hostilities. 'In the absence of statutory intervention, the wars with Germany and Japan would have continued for statutory purposes until peace treaties had been signed and ratified, and I would remind the Hon. member that the statutory date for the termination of the War of 1914 18 was August 1921.'

Mr. Sri Prakasa asked if on October 1, 1946, that is six months after the official end of hostilities, all ordinances would end. Sir Edward asked for notice of that question.

INTERFERENCE IN ELECTIONS

Mr. Sri Prakasa (Congress), asked whether the Home Member's attention had been drawn to press reports alleging interference by Officials in the forthcoming elections to the Delhi District Board and whether Government proposed to take immediate steps to inform all officials concerned to forbear from taking any interest in the elections and ensure full freedom to the electors.

The Home Member, Sir John Thorne, said that he had seen a press report on the subject but he himself had received no complaints, neither had the Chief Commissioner nor Deputy Commissioner. Government servants were well aware that they should not interfere with elections.

Mr. Sri Prakasa asked whether the Home Member's attention had been drawn to the Governor's speech at a police parade to the effect that Government servants should not interfere with elections, and whether it was not the Government of India's duty to issue similar orders.

The Home Member said that the U. P. Governor might have been referring to complaints in the U. P. but such complaints had been received in Delhi.

Government servants, the Home Member said in reply to further supplementaries, knew what their duty was. If any particular Government servant failed in his duty, he would be dealt with.

Mr. Asaf Ali: Is it or is it not your duty now to tell Officials that they shall be dealt with severely, if they interfere with elections?

Home Member: I have already answered the question.

Mr. Sri Prakasa: In view of the complaints that have been made, would it not be desirable for the Home Member to issue necessary orders?

Home Member: This is rather like the attitude of the mother who said, 'Go and see what the child is doing and tell him not to do it.' I am prepared to deal with some specific complaint.

Mr. Sri Prakasa: Does the Home Member realise that the elections will be over before the specific complaints are brought to him? (Laughter).

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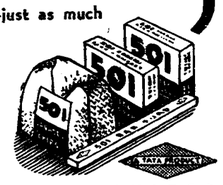

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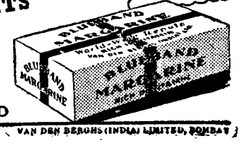

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SR 35

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

By J. C. MAITRA

After a lapse of six years the Davis Cup, the international Lawn Tennis Competition, will be staged again. Twenty nations have entered the list. The prominent absentees are Germany, Italy, Japan,—and India. One can easily understand the reasons which have kept the Axis nations out of it. But why has India stayed behind? It is perfectly true that our standard—low as it was in the pre-war days—is very poor now owing to various reasons which are beyond the control of the A.I.L.T.A. of the provincial associations or the players themselves. Most of the participating countries were similarly affected and thus equally handicapped. If they could manage to enter the competition I fail to understand why stayed out. Wake up, A.I.L.T.A. to your duties and responsibilities.

BOMBAY'S SUCCESS IN BARIA CUP

By defeating the Punjab University by the wide margin of 9 wickets, Bombay succeeded in retaining the Rohinton Baria Cup for the Inter-Varsity Cricket Tournament. This is the seventh occasion since its inception in 1935, Bombay has won this championship—thus proving its unrivalled superiority in this game in India, especially in recent years. Because barring the year 1944, Bombay has triumphed every time since 1939. This is an achievement for which our players may be justly proud. Isn't it rather funny that Bombay won the championships every time it entered the final, with the exception of the first year?

BOWLERS AND BATSMEN WHO SHONE

The Punjab, on the other hand, reached the ultimate stage ten times out of eleven, but were successful only once—and that was in 1944—after its triumphs in the first three years. It was due to the magnificent bowling of Y. B. Palwankar and S. G. Shinde who captured 5 wickets each for 32 and 90 respectively in the first innings and of the latter and D. G. Phadkar in the second, while Shinde added 4 more to his bag for 84, Phadkar claimed an equal number for 76. Palwankar was given only 6 overs in which he conceded 3 runs! On the side of the visitors, Shuja-ud-Din acquitted himself most creditably as his analysis of 51.3 overs, 15 maidens, 116 runs and 6 wickets would indicate.

In batting R. S. Modi and D. G. Phadkar shone in a steady light, but both of them missed the century mark narrowly—by 20 and 15 runs respectively. For the Punjab, Nazar Mahomed and Fazal Mahomed batted well. But they were also unlucky to lose their wickets when they were just on the borders of 80. There is no doubt that we shall see more of these players in future.

AGA KHAN CUP JUBILEE

It is very gratifying to learn that the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament Committee has decided to scrape their preliminary rounds and hold only the Tournament proper this year. On many an occasion in the past I criticised the attitude of the Bombay Gymkhana in accepting entries from mere 'rabbits' in a competition which was hailed as the premier tournament on this side of India. However it is never too late to mend. I understand that they will now restrict the number to about a dozen each from the city and upcountry. That means only the cream of Indian hockey will be on view. In that case the jubilee of the tournament—which falls on this year—will be highly successful.

APPEAL REJECTED

"Tiger" Yamashita To Hang?

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 (A.P.A.)—The United States Supreme Court yesterday refused to save Japanese General "Tiger" Yamashita from death on the gallows, turning down his appeal by 6 votes to 2.

Yamashita has been convicted by an American Military Commission in Manila of condoning countless atrocities by his invading troops in the Philippines. In his appeal to the Supreme Court Yamashita contended that the Commission did not have authority to try him.

China To Get Part Of U. S. Fleet?

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5. (A.P.A.): Chairman Carl Vinson of the House Naval Committee yesterday introduced legislation which would authorize President Truman to give part of the United States fleet to China.

The measure carried out a request made several months ago by the Secretary of the Navy.

The bill would specifically bar the sale, exchange, lease or gift of battleships, cruisers, destroyers or other large type fighting craft and would permit the transfer of destroyer escorts and lighter craft. Mr. Vinson said the hearings on the bill would begin today (Tuesday).

CHRISTIANS FAVOUR JOINT ELECTORATES

NEW DELHI, Feb. 4 (U.P.I.): Sir Maharaj Singh, Dr. J. C. Chatterjee and Mr. Ratnaswamy Chetsingh, representatives of Indian Christians, met the members of the British Parliamentary Delegation this morning and had discussios for nearly one hour.

They, it is understood informed the Delegation that they stood for joint electorate and non-reservation of seats. But if there was reservation of seats in the future constitution there should be an adequate representation of Christians in strict consonance with their numerical strength.

The Indian Christians did not favour safeguards or reservations beyond that every religious community in India should be permitted to have their faith and no person should be victimised because of his religious belief.

They further pressed that if a Constituent Assembly was formed there should be an adequate representation of the Indian Christians and they should be included in an interim Executive Council of the Governor-General, if formed.

Malay Ruler's Protest

SINGAPORE, Feb. 5. (A.P.A.): The Sultan of the Federated Malay State of Perak on Monday became the first Malay ruler to protest against the proposed recasting of the Malayan Union.

He sent telegrams to Lord Marchwood and Viscount Elibank asking them to place his protest before the House of Lords.

The Sultan's protest said "I appeal to you and the House of Lords to modify the policy outlined in the White Paper on the Malayan Union to suit the people of Malaya, at the same time safeguarding the sovereign rights of the Malay rulers."

PT. KUNZRU RETURNS TO DELHI

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5 (API): Pandit Hridayanath Kunzru, President, Servants of India Society, has returned to Delhi from his visit to Malaya.

HINDUSTANI PRACHAR SABHA

WARDHA, Feb. 5 (A.P.I.)—The annual general meeting of the Hindustani Prachar Sabha will be held on 15th and 16th February and not on 12th as previously announced. Among those who are expected to attend are Mahatma Gandhi, Dr. Rajendraprasad, Mr. B. G. Kher, Dr. Tarachand, Perinben Captain and Mr. Satyanarayan.

Chatterjee On Hunger Strike Loses 24 Lbs.

LUCKNOW, Feb. 5. (A.P.I.): Mr. C. B. Gupta, President, Lucknow City Congress Committee had a long interview today with Mr. Jogesh Chandra Chatterjee, a prisoner in the Lucknow District Jail, who is on hunger-strike since Jan. 16.

Interviewed, Mr. Gupta said: "Mr. Chatterjee is very much reduced as a result of the hunger-strike. He has lost 24 lbs. in weight".

Mr. Gupta added "As we all know, Mr. Chatterjee is a man of great determination and is not likely to yield to our persuasions easily."

Mr. Gupta, it is understood, is contacting Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant to apprise them of the outcome of his interview with Mr. Chatterjee.

RIGHT OF TAKING OUT PROCESSION

Magistrate Says Every Citizen Has Got It

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Feb. 5

It is the right of every citizen, though no doubt subject to ordinary rules of law, to take out procession at any place and that cannot be prohibited by any rule made by District Superintendent of Police, under the powers of the District Police Act.

Thus observed Magistrate Mr. N. G. Shelat discharging four persons for taking out a procession on different occasions as the prosecution failed to prove the offence. The Magistrate released all of them.

APPEALS OF THAKORE SAHEB OF AMOD AND TAMBE REJECTED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.—The appeals of Thakore Saheb of Amod and Mr. Mohd. Amin W. H. Tambe against the decision of the Bombay Provincial Parliamentary Board which had given the Muslim League tickets to Mr. Mohd. Nagir J. Shaikh and Mr. Aziz Gafoor Kaji for the two Mohammadan seats which are vacant in the Bombay Legislative Council from Bombay Northern Division and Southern Division respectively, have been rejected by the Muslim League Central Parliamentary Board.

The result of the Board's decision with regard to the seats of the Bombay Legislative Assembly will be announced from Karachi.

The Central Parliamentary Board concluded its two-day sitting at the Islam Club Chowpatty, last night. Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan left for Karachi by air and the Hon. Hussein Imam for Calcutta this morning.

CONGRESS SESSION IN KARACHI?

KARACHI, Feb. 4 (U.P.I.)—The United Press of India gathers that the Sind Provincial Congress Committee has urged the Congress President to hold the plenary session of Congress in Karachi. It is likely that the request will be conceded.

Co-operators Condole V. G. Kale's Death

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A condolence resolution placing on record their sense of sorrow at the death of Prof. V. G. Kale, was passed at a meeting under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Institute and the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank.

Sir Janardan Madan who presided recalled his associations with Prof. Kale, who, he said was a man of many interests, education, industrial and economic He was a great writer and author also. In him, the Co-operative movement had lost a good and a great worker.

Mr. R. G. Saraiya moved the condolence resolution. Dewan Bahadur Kaji, Mr. B. S. Dabke and others made appreciative references. Mr. V. L. Mehta and other co-operators present associated themselves with the function.

A suggestion that the Co-operative Institute may having his photograph in the Institute was accepted.

Mass Massacre Of Allied War Prisoners

Bodies Of 1,90,000 Victims Discovered In Ditches In Silesia

LONDON, Feb. 4, (Reuter): Many ditches, some of them more than 30 feet deep filled with bodies of some 1,90,000 Russian Polish, French and British prisoners of war have been discovered in the locality of Landsdorf near Oppln in Silesia, according to Moscow radio.

The broadcast said that a special commission of the Polish Government and Red Army representatives enquiring into the alleged massacre by Germans have established that Germans confined over 2,00,000 Allied prisoners majority of them Russians and Poles, at Landsdorf Camp.

When the Red Army occupied Landsdorf, only 800 people were found there.

Bodies in the ditches were piled up in ten to twelve layers. A medical inspection suggested that the prisoners were either shot or died of complete physical exhaustion, disease or torture.

Material evidence of this mass extermination is being forwarded to the international military tribunal in Nuremberg, Moscow radio added.

The corpses have been reinterred and a large crowd attended the ceremony. A memorial will be erected on the site where the prisoners were tortured to death, the broadcast said.

"INDIAN AFFAIRS GROUP" TO MEET IN MARCH

To Know Official Outlook Towards India

LONDON, Feb. 4 (Reuter): The first conference of the newly formed Indian Affairs Group of the left-wing Fabian Society will be held at Clacton-on-Sea, Essex, a seaside resort, for three days from March 29 to March 31, cables Ronald Bedford, Reuter's Special Correspondent.

The Group which is under the chairmanship of Lord Farringdom and has for its secretary Major Woodrow Wyatt, who is at present in India with the All-Party Parliamentary Delegation, has been in existence for three months.

TO UNDERSTAND INDIAN PROBLEMS

An official of the Fabian Society told me to-day: "Our conference will be purely informative. We are not at the moment demanding that Government shall do this or that. We plan to have speeches from Professor Coupland on the historical and political background of India and from members of the Parliamentary Delegation on possible future moves. We shall invite a Government spokesman to give us the official outlook towards India and her problems."

The membership of the Fabian Society is 5,000 and many have already shown a keen interest in the affairs of the New Indian Group.

DEMONSTRATION BY INDIANS BEFORE U.N.O. H.Q.

LONDON, Feb. 4 (Reuter): A demonstration by members of the Federation of Indian Associations in Great Britain and a public demand for granting independence to India will be made outside the Central Hall, the Headquarters of the United Nations Assembly, on Saturday, if M. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the U.N.O., does not reply favourably to the request for a deputation to discuss with him the Indian problem, said Mr. Surat Alley, founder of the Federation to-night.

"We have sent a memorandum by post to the leader of every delegation to the Assembly," he said "and also to M. Trygve Lie. We hope to have a reply to our request to receive a deputation within a few days, but if not, we shall go ahead with our plans for the public demonstration. If this is necessary we shall inform the police so that the demonstration will be in order."

BRAILSFORD IN LAHORE

LAHORE, Feb. 4, (API): Mr. H. N. Brailsford, the well known British Journalist, has arrived here from Peshawar. During his week's stay in Lahore he will meet leaders of various parties and exchange views with them.

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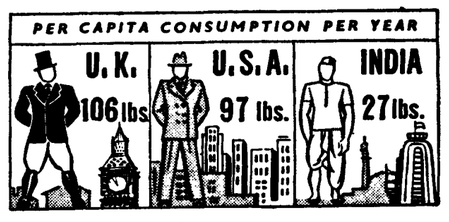

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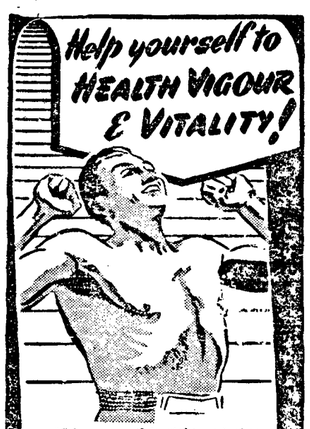

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Opening Rise Attracts Sellers On Stock Exchange

COTTON PRICES HARDEN ON PERSISTENT SHORT COVERING

Bullion Market Steady But Realising In Silver

Bombay, Feb. 5.

The local Share Bazar opened steady and quotations advanced under active buying in Tata Steel shares. The firmness in Steel shares imparted steadier tone in textile shares and the market displays good undertone. The activity in Steel shares was mostly professional. Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 2630 and advanced to Rs. 2666. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 474 and hardened to Rs. 478. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 2220 and improved to Rs. 2230 while Kohinoor Mill shares opened at Rs. 680 and steadied at Rs. 682.

Later on there was moderate selling and Tata Steel Defd shares declined to Rs. 2650 while Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 476. There was renewed selling in Cotton Mills shares and Bombay Dyeings declined to Rs. 2212. Nagpurs were quoted at Rs. 456. Century Mill shares were done at Rs. 950 and Kohinoors downturned at Rs. 678. Associated Cements were steady at Rs. 244/8. Towards the close moderate selling persisted and Tata Steel Defds declined further at Rs. 2645 and Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 475. Bombay Dyeings sagged further at Rs. 2207 while Kohinoors were done at Rs. 476. Tone was quiet.

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Burma 622/8 Alcock 466/4 Bellapur 254 Shivrajpur 59 Steamer Ord 662/8 Scindia 42/8 Construction 230/8.

CASH SECTION

Mills: Apollo 4/13 Elphinstone 90 I U Ord 17/7 Refd 3/7/6 Indian Mfg. 3810 Kurla 330 Khatau 350 Dawn 1250 David 1295 New City 440 Minerva 277/8 Bradbury 420 Bharucha Dfds 12/15 Bharat 66/12 Madhavji 22 Model 280 Laxmi Cotton 1572/8 Vishnu Cotton 567/8 Western 3650 Standard 505 Sholapur 7115 Sassoon Cotton 25/12 Hindustan 3800 Meyer Sassoon 243/12 Tata Mills 81 Ahd., Advance 465 Sassoon Silk 99 New Union 29 Poddar 345 Madhusudan 476/4 New 108 Shri Nivas 435 Raja Bahadur Poona 137/8 Berar 331/4

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 216/4 New 175 Surat 261/4 Surat New Premium 132/8 Karachi 237/8 Broach 13/8 Ajmer 15 Amalgamated 19/5 Jalgaon 11/9 Nagpur 51 Poona 285 Bombay Suburban 240 New Premium 100.

BANKS

Reserve 157/6 Imperial 2440 P. P. XD 612/8 Central 108/12 India 250 Union 12/6 Baroda 168 Habib 85/8 International 59/8 A.B.C. 44 Dena Bank 67 United 91 Jaipur 72 Hindustan 55/8 National Savings P P 72 P P 40 Mysore 435 Exchange 56/8 Eastern 106.

INSURANCE

Oriental 6795 Empire 1250. New India 95/8 Jupiter 48 Vulcan 19/8 Indian Mercantile 72 Universal 16/4 Vasant 28/8 Br. I. Gen. 28/8 Ind Prud 51/12 Neptune 11/2 New Great 31/8.

RAILWAYS

Ah. Prantij 706/4 C.P. 108/4 Mymensing Reb 116/4 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 112 Sara Sirajganj 116/4 Sialkot 117/8 New 54 Pachora 95 Hoshiarpur 117/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 220 Burma Petrol 6/6 Tata Oil 90 Mackenzie 170 Port Canning 107 Kemp 660 Zandu 215 Indian Radio Ord 380 B 380 Dfds 425 Indian Investment Trust 127/8 Wimco 400 Tata Chemical 24/8 Dharamsi Chemical 41 Mukund Iron 14/12 Dena Trust 27 Alembic 350 Supreme Industries 230 Jam Wire 140 Bombay Uganda 82 Bombay Cycle 38/8 Indian Cement (1937) 42 Walchand Nagar Industries 760

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 132/8 Tata Steel Second 172 Tram 73/4 Andhra 1017/8 Tata Power 1700 Hydro 166/4 Bombay Steam 352/8 Nagpur 737/8 Vishnu 700 Laxmi 302/8 New Great 252 Poddar 117 Shri Nivas 101 Elphinstone 137/8 Bradbury 530 Surat Elec 215 Premier Construction First 135 Premier Construction Second 135/8 Amalgamated 153/12 Tata Chemical 130 Walchandnagar Industries 283/12 Jupiter 18/10 Supreme 125/10

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron Steel 53/14 Bengal Steel 44/4 Indian Copper 4/15 B I C 8/12 Burma Corporation 8/2 New Victoria Mill 8/4 New Victoria Pref. 10/12 Cawnpore Tex 13 Raja Tex 66 Phalton 160 Gold Mohur 355 New Kaiser Hind 2575 Sajjan Mills 440 Osmanshahi 398/12 Ajamshahi 700.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Feb. 5.

The local Bullion market was steady to-day with moderate buying. There is scarcity of supply and there is no disposition to sell short. Forward silver opened at Rs. 143/10 and after declining to Rs. 143/8 advanced to Rs. 143/12 on moderate buying but reacted at Rs. 143/10. There was improved demand for gold and price improved to Rs. 93 for ready gold.

The market ruled very steady and under increased buying. Gold advanced to Rs. 93/8 while Forward Silver after advancing to Rs. 144 steadied at Rs. 143/14.

The market finally closed as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready Silver	143	10	0
Forward Silver	143	10	0
Ready Gold	93	8	0

STOMACH DISORDERS
New Treatment Helps Your Stomach to Heal Itself
Modern medical research has now shown that the basic cause of most stomach disorders is a derangement of Nature's protection of the stomach lining. It follows, therefore, that stomach troubles can only be effectively corrected by restoring this natural protection. PLESOX STOMACH TREATMENT does this for you *without drugs*. It spreads a soothing, protective film over the stomach lining and upper duodenum, thus enabling Nature's forces to carry out their work of repair and healing. PLESOX helps the stomach to heal itself. It gives quick relief and lasting benefit in all cases of stomach disorder, whether recent or chronic, and with as perfect safety to young children as to adults. PLESOX brings new hope and freedom from pain to all stomach sufferers, one of whom writes:
"Conscious of a Considerable Improvement"
"For many years I have suffered from excessive acidity, recurring duodenal trouble, flatulence and digestive difficulties . . . I have tried PLESOX and after a week's intensive treatment I am conscious of a considerable improvement. . . ."
PLESOX NATURE'S PARTNER
STOMACH TREATMENT

Standard Size 50 Tablets
Family Size 100 Tablets
From all Chemists and Stores
Explanatory leaflet from the Distributors: Cama Norton & Co., Cama Bldg., 23 Medows Street, Bombay.

AVAILABLE AT ALL GOOD PHOTO DEALERS

THE MAHABIR INSURANCE CO., LTD.
Head Office—5 Royal Exchange Place. Calcutta.
(Managing Director: L. KARAM CHAND THAPAR),
invites under its re-organisation scheme application for the post of Chief Organizer on remunerative terms and stable prospects at Bombay, Ahmedabad, Surat, Poona, Kathiawar, Nasik and Indore. Those having experience in the line, may please apply in confidence to:—
L. C. KHOSLA,
General Manager.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Feb. 5.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/14 4/13 Bharat 66/8 66/12 Bharucha (Dfd) 12/11 B Dyeing 2217/8 23/12 16/4 33/12 8,12 15 5 10 6/4 10 Bradbury (Pref) 542/8 Central India (Ord) 455 53 55 52/8 59 52 55 52 53 Century 955 Colaba 398 Edward 855 52/8 55 50 Elphinstone (Ord) 90, 8 89/8 90 Elphinstone (Pref) 138/12 Finlay 333 34 31/8 33 31 35 32/8 34 Gokak 344 42 45 43 45 40 42 40 India United (Dfd) 3/7/6 3/8 3/6/6 India United (Ord) 17/8 17/9/6 17/8 17/11 17/6 17/7 Indore 740 45 40 41/4 Kohinoor 680 83 79 82/8 81 84 76 76 74 75 Lakshmi Cotton 1572/8 Madhusudan 575 76/4 Meyer 243/12 47/8 43/12 Model 280 Morarji 765 55 60 Mysore 297/8 New Great 430 32 30/8 31 27 28 Rajah Bahadur 140 43/12 Sassoon Cotton 25/12 Shreenivas 435 Simplex 342 44 43 45 38 39 Swadesh 713 11 17 13 17 15 19 8 11 5 7 Swan 382 80 82 81/8 Sialkot 117/8

BANKS

Baroda 167/8 68 Central 109/8 8/12 Exchange 56/8 Habib 85/8 Imperial (Old) 2435 40 Imperial (New) 611/4 12/8 India 231 29/8 30 International 59 58/8 59/8 Reserve 157/8 Union 12/8 12/6

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 216/4 Ajmer 15 Andhra Valley (Ord) 1845 47/8 Tram (Ord) 155/12 56 55 57 Tram (Pref) 72/8 73/4 Bombay Suburban 235 40 Tata Hydro (Ord) 217/8 17 17/8 Tata Hydro (Pref) 166/4 Tata Power (Ord) 1990 82/8

INSURANCE.

British India 28/8 Jupiter 48 New India 95/12 95/4 95/8 95/4 Oriental Life 6795 Universal 16/4 Vulcan 19/8 Bombay Steamer 660 62/8 Scindhia 42/6 42/14 42/12 43 42/7 42/10 42/8

STEEL.

Bengal 14/4 Indian Iron 53/14 54/6 53/13 53/14 Jam Wire 140 Tata (Dfd) 2630 45 41/4 50 47/8 56/4 51/4 67/8 45 52/8 42/8 50 Tata (Ord) 475 77 76 78 77 80 75/8 76 74/8 75/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 466/4 A. C. Cement 244 44/8 43/12 44/8 43/8 44 43/8 43/12 43/8 Burma 625 22/8 25 21/4 23/12 22/8 Belapur 257 56 57 56 57/8 53 54/8 54 B. Burma (New) 620 B. B. Petrol 6/6 6/8 I. Bleaching 206 7 Port Canning 107 P Construction 233 31 32/8 30/8 Shivrajpur 59 59/8 58/8 59/8 59 Tata Chemical 24/14 24/8 24/12 24/8 Tata Oil 90 90/8 90 Western India Match 397/8 400 Western India Mill 3650

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Feb. 5.

The local Cotton market opened today at Rs. 448/8 for March delivery and improved to Rs. 449/4 on scattered buying.

As pointed out before ready cotton in many classes is quoted over ceiling quotations which shows that there is great scarcity of staple cotton. This goes to prove that some of the demands will have to be satisfied with medium grades and by the end of the season it will be almost difficult to find desirable grades. However forward quotations are far behind the Spot cotton prices and we believe that contract prices will have to be raised.

Some professional operators are reported selling short to suit their tejimandi operations but in doing so they are shutting their eyes to the actual facts. With their extensive financial resources they intend to dictate prices but we believe such tactics will not help them much.

Thereafter there was steady buying and the market improved to Rs. 450/12 for March delivery. The market was steady with an upward tendency.

There was steady buying and short covering which hardened March contract to Rs. 451/12 with sellers cautious

The market advanced to Rs. 455/4 for March and finally closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
I C C March	454	12	0
I C C May	462	0	0
I C C July	470	12	0
I C C Sept.	475	12	0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES.

Bombay, Feb. 4.

	High	Low	Close
March	450/4	447/12	447/12
May	458/8	456	456
July	468/8	465/12	465/12
Sept.	473	470/8	470/12

Cotton Parity

Indian Cotton March contract is 812 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

WALL STREET AWAITS WAGE POLICY

Inflationary Buying On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.

Wall Street opened irregular and moderately active. Dealings tapered towards the noon with prices declining. There was some inclination to await the wage price policy and its effect on the widespread strikes. Meanwhile, there was much conjecture in connection with Truman's meeting this morning with Congress industrial organisations. Little support arrived towards the close and extreme losses of more than three points were reduced. The session closed easy.

American Telephone 194_1/4 (194_3/4), Amerex Corpn 39 (39_1/4), Anaconda Copper 49 (49_3/4), Chase National 44_3/4 (44_3/4), Sinclair Oil 20 (20), Firestone Tyre 78_1/2 (79_1/2), General Elevtric 51_1/8 (51_1/8), General Motors 79_3/8 (80), Ingersol Rand 141_1/2 (140 bid), International Nickel 41_7/8 (41_3/4), National City Bank 48 (48_1/2), New York Central Rail 33_3/4 (34), Socony Vacuum Corpn. 17_1/8 (17_1/8), Texas Corpn. 58-1/4 (58_3/4), Union Carbon 109 (108_1/2), U. S. Smelting 79 1/2 (81), U S Steel Corpn. 95-1/2 (95_5/8), Western Union Telegraph 52_1/8 (52) National City Bank 48_1/2 (48-1/2).

RISE IN COTTON PRICES.

New York Cotton market opened firm on active buying based principally on inflationary implications in connection with possible change in administration's wage price policies involving Government sanction of higher wages and prices. This was the chief incentive for the re-buoyancy of operators. The market then turned erratic as early gains attracted some profit-taking which caused temporary hesitancy. However, advance was soon resumed with new crops particularly sensitive to buying and further support on inflationary ideas which found contracts again scarce. Speculators put renewed emphasis on the present and long range outlook but after new crops and had gained support again slackened and scattered profit-taking and hedging checked the upswing. At noon the market was steady. During the afternoon there was little variation from the noon level. Sellers continued to hold contracts tightly owing to inflationary possibilities thus operations were now and again moderate with evident desire to await Washington price wage policy. There was not much desire to take profits freely while hedges were conspicuously absent which undoubtedly helped the market. The session closed steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET.

Chicago grains: Trading again was centred on May rye which advanced to a new twenty-five year level in sympathy with Winnipeg and the belief in some quarters that upwards ceilings may be necessary to move grains from farms to alleviate the supply situation. Towards the close profit-taking appeared and pared extreme gains. Late on Saturday France purchased 320,000 bushels wheat and Holland 100,000 bushels rye

May 1.80_1/2 bid (1.80-1/2 bid).
July 1.80_1/2 bid (1.80_1/2 bid).
September 1.80_1/2 bid (1.80-1/2 bid).

WORTH STREET TRADE STOOD BY

NEW YORK, February 4, (UPA): Trade on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market stood by today, awaiting the outcome of the meeting pending this week between the Office of Price Administration and the industry.

At this meeting, it is believed, the paradox of why production is lagging and consumers are unable to buy cotton textiles despite an abundant supply of raw cotton will be thrashed out.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Feb. 4

March	25.39+15
March highest	24.47+23
March lowest	24.34+10
May	25.37+11
July	25.37+13
October	25.24+21
December	25.20+22
January	25.18+22
March	25.15+29
Middling Spot	25.95+06

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

March	25.48+17
May	25.46+17
July	25.45+18
October	25.27+22
December	25.23+22
Middling Spot	25.20+15

NEW YORK COTTON NOON CALL

March	25.39
May	25.39
July	25.39

LONDON BULLION.

London, Feb. 4.

Spot 44d. Forward 44d. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/12/3.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Feb. 4.

T. T. London on:—

New York sellers 4.02_1/2, buyers 4.03_1/2, Madrid official 44.00, Montreal sellers 4.43, buyers 4.45, Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4, Stockholm sellers 17.85, buyers 16.95.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Feb. 4.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe (new crop) unoffered Australian Wheat (bulk) 63 quoted Feb.-March, Australian Wheat (bags) unoffered.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Feb. 4.

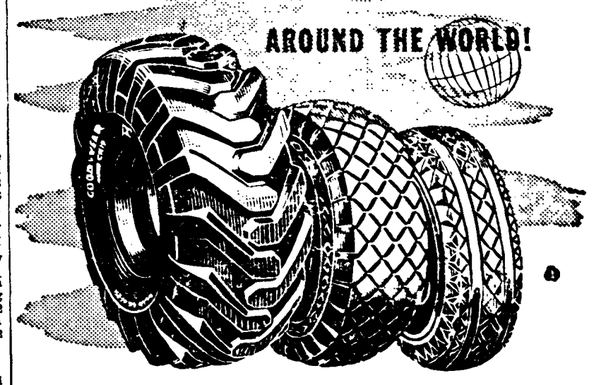
	£
Rupee Paper 3_1/2 p c	75-1/4
Consols 2_1/2 p c	92_7/8
Conversion Loan 3_1/2 p c 1961	109-1/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p c	105
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	115_3/4
Victory Bonds 4 p c	114_1/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	10_13/16
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	89
National Bank of India	40-1/2

N. Y. SILVER

New York, Feb. 4.

United States price of Foreign Silver 71.1 cents.

New York buying price 70_3/4 cents.

ON THEIR PERFORMANCE RECORDS—
FIRST CHOICE
AROUND THE WORLD!


FOR 30 consecutive years it has been true that "more people the world over ride on Goodyear tyres than on any other make."
That's because these great tyres deliver maximum value wherever they serve. On farms and highways, in road-building and construction work, Goodyear tyres prove themselves the sturdiest, longest-lasting, most efficient ever built—with extra mileage, full safety, and greatest operating economy.
It is this matchless performance that has earned for Goodyear tyres their unparalleled preference—made them the world's first choice for 30 straight years!

Agents: Messrs. LAVCHAND VARAJDAS & Co., Princess Street, Bombay 2.

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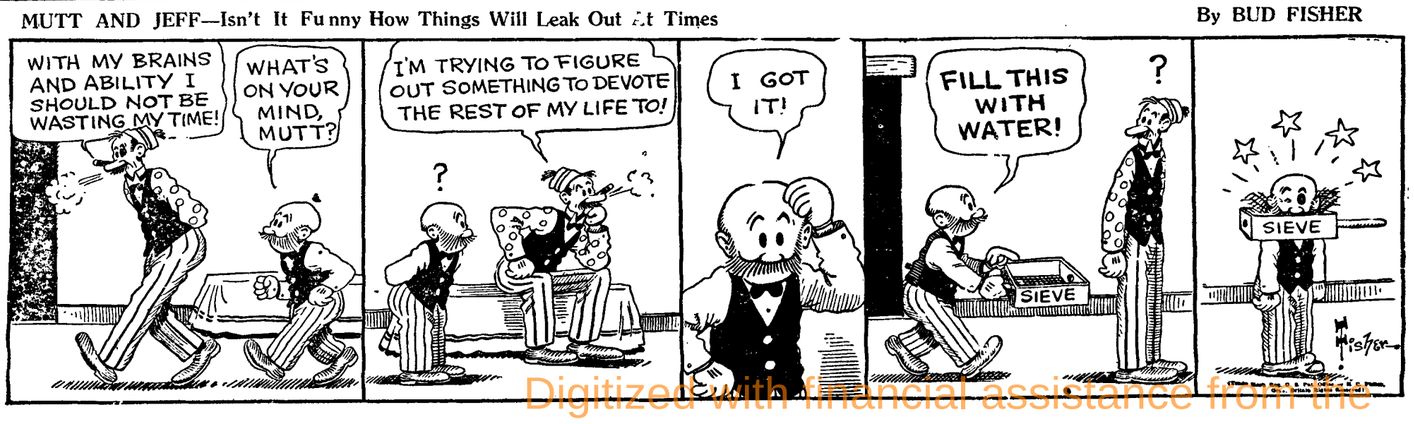
CARAVAN
INDIA'S
Air-Conditioned
CIGARETTE
THE NATIONAL TOBACCO COMPANY OF INDIA LIMITED
A.C.I C.44
PHILLIP. 5-2-46

MUTT AND JEFF—Isn't It Funny How Things Will Leak Out At Times — By BUD FISHER


WITH MY BRAINS AND ABILITY I SHOULD NOT BE WASTING MY TIME!
WHAT'S ON YOUR MIND, MUTT?
I'M TRYING TO FIGURE OUT SOMETHING TO DEVOTE THE REST OF MY LIFE TO!
?
I GOT IT!
FILL THIS WITH WATER!
?
SIEVE
SIEVE
Fisher

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a Brahmin girl for a highly respectable bachelor, Kanyakubj Brahmin in permanent Provincial Medical Service. Apply to Box No. 6455 "Bombay Chronicle"

Young Indian Airforce Officer of noble family, seeks matrimonial alliance in a family of business magnates, who can help him to start in some business. Views cosmopolitan. Any caste. Apply Box No. 791, "Bombay Chronicle."

A respectable Muslim youth very well settled in business wants in matrimony a suitable virgin or a widow having no issues. She should be well accomplished, educated and of a pleasing nature. Age not exceeding 25. Apply with a copy of recent photo to Box No. 781, "Bombay Chronicle." Correspondence will be treated as strictly confidential. (781)

SOCIAL

Ladies desiring introduction to pen, personal friends, arts, hobbies, etc. enrolled free. Apply Aesthetic Society, Post Box 5531, Bombay. 5712B

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Smart Girl to distribute samples of Ceylon Desiccated Coconut in Bombay City area. Qualifications knowledge of English upto Junior Standard, ability to converse in Hindi or Gujerati. Salary Rs. 100/- per month, plus Rs. 15/- travelling allowance per month, plus dearness allowance, according to Ceylon Government scale which is at present Rs. 54/- per month. Apply personally to Ceylon Trade Commissioner ,Ceylon House, Bruce St. Mornings 10-11 upto 11th February. (6549)

Wanted a full time Lady Doctor for a big mill in Bombay, stating the minimum salary required. Apply to Box No. 6546, " Bombay Chronicle." (6546)

Wanted:— Candidates, desirous of civil Railway service. Free training, lodging, monthly Scholarship & Rail fare terms. Apply with stamp to: The Superintendent, Railway Training School, Ambala City. (582)

Wanted immediately a middleaged Indian lady to look after household in a highly respectable family. Apply with copies of testimonials of past experience and minimum salary acceptable. Box No. 6540 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a Steno-typist to work as Head-Clerk in the grade Rs. 100-5-120 plus Dearness Allowance of Rs. 15/-. Apply immediately in writing to the Director, St. Xavier's College, Technical Department, Bombay. 6510

Wanted intelligent enthusiastic Society girls having aptitude for acting. Previous experience not necessary. Apply with photo. Personal interview not allowed. Write to Box No. 780, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced accountant well-versed in limited company routine and in typing. Apply in own handwriting Box No. 725 "Bombay Chronicle" with testimonial copies.

Wanted Immediately A Hindustani speaking Typist Clerk. Apply to Climbers & Co., 337, Kalbadevi, Bombay. (784)

Wanted immediately the following staff:—Accountants with fairly large experience of Commercial Accounts. Managers willing to serve anywhere in India and near East. Men with experience of handling large contracts and dealing with officials preferred. Stenographers, capable of taking down 150 words per minute. Accounts Clerks, Correspondence Clerks, etc. Immediate engagement essential. Applications with copies of testimonials, stating minimum pay acceptable may be sent to Box No. 792 C/d. The "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced Telephone Operator cum Despatch Clerk with knowledge of typing either sex. Salary upto Rs. 100. Apply sharp E. L. & Co., Jehangir Building, 3rd Floor, Esplanade Road. 782

Wanted hero, heroine and side Characters for nationalist drama. Apply immediately with full details and photos to Box No. 790 The "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Shorthand Typist experienced in Solicitors firm. Apply Messrs. Mohile and Parekh, Solicitors 65 Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay. (769)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Distributors wanted. A premier film producing limited concern of Bombay will consider proposals from sound parties for the distribution rights in respect of their forthcoming pictures either for world rights or for provincewise. For particulars please Apply Box No. 6489 "Bombay Chronicle".

AGENTS WANTED

The Manager Capital Lock Co., Chawri Bazaar, Gali Batashan, Delhi, and Lachmi Electric and Metal Industries, Sarai Bala Street, Aligarh, invites applications from reliable and good reputed firms and Agents for the agencies of their goods, such as high class American and German type Cycle and Padlocks, Electric fittings, House fittings and all other kinds of locks and metal articles. 756

Wanted Purchasers of our Tower Brand Bar Soap, cubes, Cash. write to the Baku Soap Works, Matunga, Bombay 19. (9149)

Wanted Buying Agents for the Bombay Market. Apply stating terms and full particulars of previous experience, Sri Prakas Distributing Co., P.O. Mattancherv, Cochin. (788)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

There are enquiries to us from our shareholders as well as public for shares for Mohini Mill No. 3 We beg to inform our shareholders and the public that THE MOHINI MILLS LTD. have not erected nor have the intention of erecting a third mill for the present. The Mohini Mills have two mills—No. 1 at Kushtia and No. 2 at Belghurriah. We are replacing the old machines of Mill No. 1 at Kushtia and making the Mill No. 2 an economic unit by increasing the number of looms and spindles and have already registered our orders for up-to-date dyeing, bleaching and finishing machinery to produce very fine cloth which is in great demand in Bengal and is at present mostly imported from outside Bengal. For the above the capital of the Mohini Mills Ltd. has been increased and the shares would be offered to the existing shareholders.

The Directors and the Managing Agents: Chakravarti, Sons & Co. are not interested in the floatation of any other mill except the Mohini Mills Ltd. No. 1 at Kushtia and the Mohini Mills Ltd. No. 2 at Belghurriah.

CHAKRAVARTI, SONS & CO.,
Managing Agents.
6543

THE TRAVANCORE RAYONS LTD.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The Directors have pleasure in announcing that the subscription list for the Preference and Ordinary shares of the above Company which opened on the 25th instant closed on the 31st instant the list having been over-subscribed.

Trivandrum 31-1-1946.
6571

NOTICE.

Tailor Laljee Hari, Vadagi, Morarji Haridas Building, Bombay 3 and our Policyholder No. 3838 having reported that his Policy issued to him has been lost and having applied for a duplicate thereof, notice is hereby given that a duplicate policy will be issued if objections are not lodged with us within one month from this date.

D. SUBRAHMANIAM,
M.A., A.I.A., (Lon.).
Secretary,
The Andhra Insurance Co., Ltd.,
Masulipatam.
D/6-2-1946.
6567

THE B. E. S. & T. CO. LTD.

NOTICE

Normal services of trams and buses will commence to operate at 11 a.m. on the 6th February from the depots.

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Become Accountant, Secretary Stenographer, Auditor, Insurance Officer by post D.Com. courses. American Correspondence College (BC), Delhi. 5804A

Fresh term commenced for Senior Cambridge Examination Non-Matriculates eligible. Mathematics, Second language omissible Oral, Postal training, evening classes Prospectus from Bombay Tutorial College. Opposite Jer Mahal, Dhobitalao. 758

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce Professional and Commerce Diploma Courses suitable for Graduates, Undergraduates and others. Tuition personal or through post. Call or write for enrolment, 51, Esplanade Road. 766

Montessori Course at Karachi to be Conducted by Dr. Maria Montessori, M.D., D.Litt., World-famed psychologist and founder of Montessori method from March 22nd to June 30th 1946. Invaluable for parents, teachers and all adults. Boarding and lodging arrangements available if requested for before 22nd February. For Particulars:—apply Mrs. T. Panday. 227. E.I. Lines. Karachi. 6573

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Sublet Accommodation required for small Hindu vegetarian family. Good rent. Apply Box No 759 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Single or Double Room in Dadar, Matunga, or Mahim in exchange for Single Room near Nana's Chowk. Contact Box No. 783, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Please write to Climbers & Co., 337, Kalbadevi, Bombay for all Inland and Foreign Trade enquiries. 743

A Rare Business Opportunity Commercial Textile Corporation, Manufacturers of High-class Hosiery Shirts invites enquiries from Wholesale Hosiedy Merchants and Exporters. Correspond with Sole concessionnaries V. DAS & Co., Camp Bazar Cannanore. (Malabar). 6480

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad, apply (stating qualification) for our "Terms". Hastings & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. (785)

For repairs, rennovation, extension, painting etc., please apply Box No. 779 "Bombay Chronicle." Estimate free.

MACHINERIES WANTED

Wanted:Lancashire, Boiler 38' x 8' and 180 lb Pressure. Apply Box No. 6286, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted:—High Pressure Gas Storage tanks 8'-10' Diameter and 25'-30' length. Apply Box No. 6286A "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Wanted—Power Socks Machines— New or Second hand in working order. Apply with particulars Box No. 786, C|o "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

Phones: Cal. 1464 & 1465. Gram: "ARYOPLANTS"

SHARES OF
HINDUSTHAN LABORATORIES, LTD.

PAYING STEADY DIVIDEND @ 6% PER ANNUM FROM THE VERY INCEPTION

Regtd. Office: 12, Chowringhee Sq., CALCUTTA.

ARE STILL AVAILABLE AT PAR

Ordy. shares of Rs. 25/- each, payable Rs. 5/- with application, Rs. 5/- on allotment and the balance in three equal instalments as and when called for plus Re. 1/- admission fee.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Includes men like

1. Mr. S. CHATTERJI of Bengal Share Dealers' Syndicate Ltd
2. Mr. S. C. RAI CHOWDHURY, M.A., B.L., Special Public Prosecutor, Anti Corruption Tribunal (Govt. of India)
3. Dr. D. N. CHATTERJEE, the renowned Homoeopathic Pharmacist of Calcutta.
4. Dr. D. N. GANGULI, M.B., Technical Adviser, National Nutriments Ltd. & others.

- This is a first class Dividend paying concern manufacturing purest allopathic (B.P. & B.P.C. preparations & proprietory drugs), Homoeopathic & Ayurvedic medicines that have already gained popularity as is apparent from the steady rate of Dividend for the last three years.
- Licence already obtained for manufacturing Spirituous preparations.
- Suitable Land already secured at Behala (Calcutta) for Laboratory and manufactories & Stables on bigger & most up-to-date plan to facilitate and cheapen production.
- Arrangement for manufacturing Caffeine from tea dust & Tea-soop almost complete. For Caffeine which is solely manufactured from Tea dust India is to depend on overseas although tea is her practical Monopoly.
- The shares of most of the pharmaceutical & chemical concerns of India are in great demand and selling at a high premium—a distinct proof of public Confidence for concerns of our line.

For Shares & share selling Agency
Please Apply Sharp to
MANAGING AGENTS at 12, Chowringhee Sq, CALCUTTA.

SPECIAL PRIVILEGE FOR MEDICAL PROFESSION ONLY

Applications are invited from persons of medical profession only for 6% tax-free Cumulative Medical Pref. Shares of Rs 100/- each,—Payable 10% with application and balance on allotment plus Re. 1/- admission fee.

THIS IS AN ANNOUNCEMENT AND NOT A PROSPECTUS.

SALES OF SHARES
THE INDIAN CLOCK MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED.

JAMSHEDPUR & SUNDERNAGAR (VIA Tatanagar).

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	...	...	...	Rs. 5,00,000	0 0
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	...	...	...	Rs. 2,26,000	0 0
PAID UP CAPITAL (31-3-46)	...	...	...	Rs. 2,09,772	8 0

About 200 5% preference shares are available including premium for Rs. 110/- each (i.e. premium amount Rs. 10/- per share each of Rs. 100/-)

The Share money is payable in full along with application and an admission fee of Re. 1/-.

THE PAID UP SHARES WILL HOWEVER, BE ENTITLED TO RECEIVE THE DIVIDEND FOR THE CURRENT FINANCIAL YEAR, PROVIDED THE APPLICATION FORMS ALONG WITH THE NECESSARY REMITTANCE SHOULD BE RECEIVED BY US DURING THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY 1946.

For Full particulars apply to:—
The Managing Agents,
Messrs. SUNDERDAS & SONS LTD.,
P.O. Sundarnagar (Via Tatanagar), B. N. Rly.
SHARE DEALERS & AGENTS APPLY FOR TERMS.

FORM OF APPLICATION

To
The Managing Agents.
THE INDIAN CLOCK MFG CO., LTD.,
P.O. Sundernagar (Via Tatanagar). B. N. Rly.,
Gentlemen,

I send herewith a remittance of Rs. .....by M.O. (Draft) cheque for.....5% preference shares including premium fo. Rs. 110/- each (i.e. premium amount Rs. 10/- per share each of Rs 100/-) and admission of Re. 1/- in the above Company and I request to allot me the same shares. I hereby agree to accept the same or any less number of shares that may be allotted to me subject to Memorandum and articles of association of the Company.

Signature.....
Full Name.....
Address.....
Occupation.....Date.....

N.B.—Existing Shareholders need not pay any Admission Fee.
6347

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

ALTERNATIVE SEALED TENDERS are invited by the Chief Engineer, Bombay Port Trust, for the supply of approximately 3,200 Brass of sand for General Works and Railway.

Conditions of Contract, specification and tender form can be obtained from the office of the Chief Engineer on payment of Rs. 2|- and no tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form or which is not accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500|- by crossed cheque as earnest money which deposit will be returned.

Tenders will be received upto 1-0 P.M. (S.T.) on Friday, 22nd February, 1946.

F. M. SURVEYOR,
Chief Engineer,
Bombay Port Trust.

Ballard Road,
Fort, Bombay.
(6565)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

Sealed alternative tenders are invited by the Chief Engineer, Bombay Port Trust, for the work of quarrying stones, and for works enumerated in Schedule No. 1 for the year ending 31st March 1947 and in Schedule No. 2 for the two years ending 31st March 1948.

Conditions of Contracts, specifications, and tender forms can be obtained from the Office of the Chief Engineer on payment of Rs. 2|- per copy.

No tender will be considered which is not made in the prescribed form, and which is not accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500|- for Contract No. 1 and Rs. 750|- for Contract No. 2 by crossed cheque as earnest money, which will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderers.

Tenders will be received upto 1-0 P. M. (S. T.) on Friday 15th February, 1946.

F. M. SURVEYOR,
Chief Engineer.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.
(6506)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.
DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS
DISPOSAL OF STEEL TANK LANDING CRAFT

Tenders are invited for the purchase of Vessels as described below and situated at Cochin:—

DESCRIPTION:
HULL
Steel.....10 lb. Plate rivetted or welded
Length.....187 feet.
Beam.....39 feet.
Maximum Load.....350 Tons of mixed Cargo.
Tons per inch immersion loaded...13¼.
Deck space available for Cargo .....2,500 Sq. feet.
Draft Light.....F'd 1', 2", Aft' 3' 7".
Draft Loaded F'd 3' 8", Aft' 5' 2".

ENGINES:
Paxman Diesel, Twin Screw—2 per craft.
500 B.H.P. at 1350 R.P.M.
Fuel Consumption—30 Gls. (appx.) per hour at 9 knots.
Lub. Oil Consumption—2 Gls. (appx.) per day from all causes.
Range at Crusing Speed—600 Miles.

Ships are equipped with 2 auxiliary Generators for lighting and power (200 Volts D.C.), Electric driven pumps for Fire Mains and pumping and Flooding Ballast Tanks and one 10-ton Electric Capstain fitted aft!

2. These vessels are offered for sale without guarantee of their condition and subject to the conditions of contract laid down in form Con. 117 which can be seen at the Office of the Regional Commissioner, Disposals, Department of Industries & Supplies at Calcutta, Bombay, Cawnpore, Lahore and Dy. Regional Commissioner, Madras, Karachi and Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.

3. The Vessels can be inspected at site on permits to be issued by the Regional Commissioner, Disposals, Bombay, on request.

4. Offers in tenderer's own form in a sealed cover superscribed "DGD/T-40108" should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 1,000/- deposited as earnest money in the Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of Director of Disposals, New Delhi.

5. Tenders should reach the Director of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, by 4 P.M. on 23-2-46.

6. Offers should remain open for acceptance up to 23-3-46.

7. Delivery of the vessels will be ex-site and Tenderers will be required to make all arrangements for their removal at their own expense.

8. Tenderers are at liberty to quote for one or more of the vessels.
6499

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that notices have been given, under Section 36 (n) of the Municipal Act, for motions to the following effect being placed before the Corporation when the Budget Estimates for the year 1946-47 are discussed:—

8. By Mr. K. H. Goregaoker—For making a provision of Rs. 25,000 to meet the Corporation's liability under the Beggars' Act.

9. By Mr. S. L. Silam—For making a provision of Rs. 21,700 for the survey, etc., in connection with the construction of Service Reservoirs at Worli and Rowli Hills.

10. By Mr. K. H. Goregaoker—For deleting the provision of Rs. 5,20,000 made under VIII.—Roads, Drains and Sewers, B.—Maintenance of Roads XXI —Renewal of surfaces of roads, etc.

11. By Mr. S. L. Silam—For increasing the provision of Rs. 30,900 made in the Budget for the work of installing a Chlorinating Plant within the limits of the City to Rs. 41,270.

By Order of His Worship
the Mayor,
B. V. MODY,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 5th February, 1946.
(6577)

NOTICE.

WE HEREBY NOTIFY that Mr. Rajendralal Oberai has ceased to represent us or our goods in the capacity of a canvasser and we shall not be responsible to our customers for any dealings with him on and from 1-2-46.

NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL WORKS
(6576)

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD.

LOST OR MISLAID.

Share Certificates Nos. 61630 to 61631 for 50 shares Nos. 373553 to 373602 of the Union Bank of India Ltd., standing in the name of late Miss Jalamai Ruttonsha Engineer are lost or mislaid anybody having any claim against them should intimate to the above Bank within one month from the date hereof. Afterwhich the Bank will issue duplicates.

Dated this 5th day of February. 1946.

MEHERVAID & CO.,
Attorneys for Homi Ratansha Siganporia Administrator to the estate of Jalmai Ruttonsha Engineer.
(6563)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

Finance Department (Supply),
Bombay Castle, 2nd February, 1946

ORDER.

No. 316-III.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Government of Bombay is pleased to make amendments in the Orders issued in Government Notifications in the Finance Department (Supply) specified in column 1 of the Schedule hereto annexed to the extent and in the manner mentioned in column 2 thereof.

SCHEDULE.

Orders. 1.	Amendments. 2.
PART I	
(i) No. 35 dated the 6th February 1943. (ii) No. 52/IV dated the 8th February 1944. (iii) No. 342, dated the 5th October 1944. (iv) No. 342(a), dated the 5th October 1944.	In each of the Orders after the proviso the following shall be inserted namely: "Explanation:—For the purposes of this Order, the "Bombay Suburban District" means the Bombay Suburban District as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October, 1945."
PART II	
(i) No. 425-IV, dated the 10th November 1943. (ii) No. 318-III, dated the 28th March 1944. (iii) No. 318(a)-III, dated the 28th March 1944. (iv) No. 36(b)-III, dated the 14th August 1944. (v) No. 310/III, dated the 20th October 1944.	At the end of each of the Orders the following shall be added, namely:— "Explanation—For the purposes of this Order, the "Bombay Suburban District" means the Bombay Suburban District as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October 1945."
PART III	
(i) No. 318(b)-III dated the 28th March 1944. (ii) No. 52(2)/IV dated the 6th April 1944.	Before the "Form" appended to each of the Orders the following shall be inserted namely:— "Explanation:—For the purposes of this Order, the "Bombay Suburban District" means the Bombay Suburban District as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October 1945."
PART IV	
No. 476, dated the 3rd July 1943.	In Schedule I appended to the Order after the words "Bombay Suburban District", the words, figures and letters "as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October 1945" shall be inserted.
PART V	
No. 31, dated the 21st February 1945.	After clause (c) of the Explanation to the Order the following shall be inserted namely: (d) The "Bombay Suburban District" means the Bombay Suburban District "as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October, 1945."
PART VI	
No. 310, dated the 23rd April 1945.	For words "Bombay Suburban" the words "Thana Taluka in the Thana" shall be substituted.

With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that notice of the above Order should be given by—(a) Publication of the same in the Bombay Government Gazette; and (b) publication of the same in the following newspapers, namely: (1) Times of India, (2) Bombay Chronicle, (3) Free Press Journal, (4) Morning Standard, (5) Nava Kal, (6) Nava Shakti, (7) Janma Bhumi, (8) Vatan, (9) Mumbai Samachar (10) Jam-e-Jamshed, (11) Iqbal, (12) Inquilab, (13) Vishwamitra.

By order of the Governor of Bombay.

A. D. GORWALA.
Secretary to Government.
6562

The products of The Indian Clock Manufacturing Co Ltd., such as clocks, Sunder Gramophone Needles, Sunder Paper Clips and Sunder Paper Pins etc., are obtainable from the Coy's authorised dealers all over India. Dealers from the unrepresented areas may, therefore please apply to:—

The Sales Manager

The Indian Clock Manufacturing Co., Ltd.,
P. O. Sundernagar (Via) Tatanagar, B. N. R.

It may be mentioned for general information that the success that this industry has so far achieved in all directions offers a bright future for its flourishing growth and rapid advancement in the Post-War Reconstruction years. The Managing Agents of the Company have already approached the Central Government for giving the necessary protection to this Industry and do expect a favourable decision in the matter by the Tariff Board recently constituted for this purpose.

A TRIBUTE FROM DR RAJENDRA PRASAD

Dr. Rajendra Prasad addressing a distinguished gathering at Sundernagar on the occasion of his visit to the New Factory of The Indian Clock Mfg. Company Limited on 28-10-45.

"In the year 1942 when I was for the first time taken round and shown the workshop of the Indian Clock Mfg Co. Ltd. then situated in a small building at Jamshedpore I was much pleased to see the various parts of a Clock being manufactured and assembled and thus a Swadeshi Clock Manufactured entirely in India was available for which our country has so far to solely depend on foreign countries. I was much impressed with the aspiration and enthusiasm of Mr. Sunderdas, the Managing Director of the Company and it struck me then and there that the Industry was bound to succeed in the long run To-day I am glad to notice that the concern has brought to such a progressive stage in so short a time, and it has now besides a large number of authorised dealers throughout India, its own spacious Factory buildings Power Plants and new Machineries with well planned scheme for Staff Quarters, Dispensary, School Bazar and Cottage Industries etc. for which a plot of about Five Hundred Bighas of Land has been taken from the Dhalbhum Raj Estate at a distance of about two miles from Tatanagar Railway Station on the Chaibasa-Ranchi Road

It is gratifying to learn that this National Industry is getting all the necessary support from Government officials and Important Industrial Concerns like M/s. Tata & Wire Products and I trust it will also receive all the help and encouragement it deserves from the public"

The Indian Clock Manufacturing Co., Ltd.,

GOLDEN TONE GRAMOPHONE NEEDLES

Golden Tone Gramophone Needles are made of finest Steel & are specially designed to give maximum result with minimum wear on all records on any kind of Radiogram or Gramophone.

SCHEDULED PRICE: (Government Controlled Rate) Rs. 2|- per box of 100 needles. Each needle should give eight playings.

Available in Extra Loud, Loud and Soft Tone.

Ask your local Radio & Gramophone dealer or write to us for detail. V.P.P. Orders of minimum value of Rs. 10|- accepted.

THE INDIAN CLOCK MANUFACTURING CO. LTD.,
(Gramophone Needle Dept).
P.O. Sunder Nagar (Via Tatanagar) B.N.R.

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